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Northshore Regional ITS Architecture

Prepared By



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Northshore Regional Intelligent Transportation Systems Architecture



November 1, 2016

Contents

1.0	BACKG	ROUND	1.1
2.0 2.1	ARCHITE TIMEFRA	ECTURE SCOPE	2.1
2.2	GEOGR	APHIC SCOPE	
2.3	SERVICE	SCOPE	
2.4	MAINIA	INER	
3.0	RELATIO	NSHIP TO REGIONAL PLANNING	3.1
4.0	ITS STAK	EHOLDERS	4.1
5.0	ITS SYST	EM INVENTORY	5.1
5.1	EXISTINC	G REGIONAL ITS SYSTEMS AND OPERATIONS	
5.2	TRANSPO	ORTATION NEEDS	
	5.2.1	Flooding	5.2
	5.2.2	Incident Management	5.3
	5.2.3	Emergency Management	5.3
	5.2.4	CCTV Camera	5.3
	5.2.5	Traveler information system	5.5
	5.2.6	Motorist Assistance Patrol	5.5
	5.2.7	Communications	5.5
	5.2.8	Detection	5.6
	5.2.9	Video Distribution	5.6
	5.2.10	Northshore TMC	
	5.2.11	Proposed LA 3241	
	5.2.12	Automated Crossover Gates	
	5.2.13	Publicizing IIS Services	
	5.2.14	Relocation of Existing IIS Devices	
	5.2.15	Connected Vehicles/Autonomous Vehicles	5./
6.0	ITS SERV	ICES	6.1
7.0	SYSTEM	INTERFACES	7.1
8.0	OPERAT	IONAL CONCEPT	8.1
8.1	ITS DEPL	OYMENT PLAN	
8.2	OPERAT	ions and maintenance of regional its	8.1
9.0	FUNCTIO	ONAL REQUIREMENTS	9.1
10.0	STANDA	RDS	

11.0	AGREEME	NTS1	1.1
12.0	ARCHITEC	TURE MAINTENANCE PLAN	2.1
12.1	WHY MAI	NTAIN A REGIONAL ITS ARCHITECTURE 1	12.1
12.2	WHO WIL	L MAINTAIN THE ARCHITECTURE? 1	12.1
12.3	WHEN WI	LL THE ARCHITECTURE BE UPDATED? 1	12.3
12.4	CHANGE	S IN REGIONAL NEEDS	12.4
	12.4.1	New Stakeholders	12.4
	12.4.2	Changes in Scope of Service Considered	12.4
	12.4.3	Changes in Stakeholder of Element Names	12.5
	12.4.4	Changes in Other Architectures	12.5
	12.4.5	Changes due to Project Definitions or Implementation	12.5
	12.4.6	Changes due to Project Addition/Deletion	12.5
	12.4./	Changes in Project Priority	12.5
	12.4.8	What will be Maintained?	12.5
	12.4.7	List of Stakoholdors	12.0
	12.4.10	Derational Concepts	12.0
	12.4.17	List of ITS Flements	12.7
	12.4.13	List of Agreements	12.7
	12.4.14	Interfaces between Elements	12.7
	12.4.15	System Functional Requirements	12.8
	12.4.16	Ápplicable ITS Standards	12.8
	12.4.17	Project Sequencing	12.8
	12.4.18	How Will the Architecture be Maintained?	12.8
APPEN	IDIX A	ARCHITECTURE FLOW DEFINITIONS	A .1
APPEN	IDIX B	ITS ARCHTECTURE FLOW CONTEXT DIAGRAMS	B.1
APPEN	IDIX C	TMC RECOMMENDED DEVICES	C.1
APPEN	IDIX D	DEPLOYMENT PLAN SCHEMATICS	D.1
APPEN	IDIX E	COPIES OF AGREEMENTS	.E.1
APPEN	IDIX F	STAKEHOLDER MEETING MINUTES	.F.1

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Transportation Goals	3.1
Table 2: Northshore ITS Architecture Stakeholders	4.1
Table 3: Existing ITS Devices	5.2
Table 4: Proposed CCTV Camera Locations	5.3
Table 5: ITS Services	6.1
Table 6: Operational Concept	
Table 7: Proposed ITS Projects	
Table 8: Functional Requirements	
Table 9: ITS Standards	10.1

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Geographic Area Covered by LADOTD District 62	2.1
Figure 2: South Tangipahoa Metropolitan Planning Organization Boundary	2.1

App Figure 1: Causeway ITS Field Elements Flow Context Diagram	B.1
App Figure 2: Causeway Police Flow Context Diagram	B.2
App Figure 3: Causeway Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram	B.3
App Figure 4: CVO Flow Context Diagram	B.4
App Figure 5: DOTD CCTV Flow Context Diagram	B.5
App Figure 6: DOTD District 02 Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram	B.6
App Figure 7: DOTD District 02 Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram	B.7
App Figure 1: DOTD District 61 Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram	B.8
App Figure 9: DOTD District 61 Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram	B.9
App Figure 10: DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram	.B.10
App Figure 11: DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations Archive Flow Context Diagram	.B.11
App Figure 12: DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram	.B.12
App Figure 13: DOTD DMS Flow Context Diagram	.B.13
App Figure 14: DOTD ITS Field Equipment Flow Context Diagram	.B.14
App Figure 15: DOTD ITS Section Flow Context Diagram	.B.15
App Figure 16: DOTD Map Flow Context Diagram	.B.16
App Figure 17: DOTD Social Media Flow Context Diagram	.B.17
App Figure 18: DOTD Statewide TMC Interconnect Context Diagram	.B.18
App Figure 19: DPW Flow Context Diagram	.B.19
App Figure 20: Emergency 911 Flow Context Diagram	.B.20
App Figure 21: Emergency Management Department Flow Context Diagram	.B.21
App Figure 22: HAZMAT Mobile Response Flow Context Diagram	.B.22
App Figure 23: Local Emergency Medical Services Flow Context Diagram	. B.23
App Figure 24: Local Emergency Operations Center Flow Context Diagram	.B.24
App Figure 25:Local Print and Broadcast Channels Flow Context Diagram	. B.25
App Figure 26: Louisiana 511/Website Flow Context Diagram	.B.26
App Figure 27: LSP Troop L Interconnect Context Diagram	.B.27
App Figure 28: NORPC Flow Context Diagram	. B.28
App Figure 29: Northshore TMC Interconnect Context Diagram	. B.29
App Figure 30: Parish Fire Department Flow Context Diagram	. B.30
App Figure 31: Parish ITS Field Equipment Flow Context Diagram	.B.31
App Figure 32: Parish Sherriff's Office Flow Context Diagram	. B.32
App Figure 33: Parish Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram	. B.33
App Figure 34: Parish Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram	. B.34
App Figure 35: Parish Devices Flow Context Diagram	. B.35
App Figure 36: Police Department Flow Context Diagram	. B.36
App Figure 37: Private Traveler Information Service Providers Flow Context	
Diagram	. B.37
App Figure 38: RR at Grade Crossing Controller Flow Context Diagram	. B.38
App Figure 39: Transit Flow Context Diagram	. B.39
App Figure 40: Transit Data Flow Context Diagram	.B.40
App Figure 41: Transit Information Center Flow Context Diagram	.B.41

BACKGROUND November 1, 2016

1.0 BACKGROUND

This document describes the intelligent transportation systems (ITS) architecture for the Northshore region of Louisiana. ITS can be defined as the "application of advanced information and communications technology to transportation to enhance safety and mobility while reducing environmental impacts." A regional ITS architecture is "a regional framework for ensuring institutional agreement and technical integration for the implementation of ITS projects or groups of projects." CFR 940.9 states the following:

"A regional ITS architecture shall be developed to guide the development of ITS projects and programs and be consistent with the ITS strategies and projects contained in applicable transportation plans. The National ITS Architecture shall be used as a resource in the development of the regional ITS architecture. The regional ITS architecture shall be on a scale commensurate with the scope of ITS investment in the region. Provision should be made to include participation from the following agencies, as appropriate in development of the regional ITS architecture: highway agencies; public safety agencies (e.g., police, fire, emergency/medical; transit operators; Federal lands agencies; state motor carrier agencies; and other operating agencies necessary to fully address the regional ITS integration."

This architecture conforms to Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Final rule 940 Part 11, which mandates that projects planning to use federal funds in their ITS deployments must have established an ITS Architecture for the region. Regional ITS architectures have been promoted by the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) as descriptive tools, using a standard vocabulary and set of concepts for regional deployments in order to aid the integration of User Services and Service packages in addressing regional transportation problems. Regional ITS architectures are also used to constrain projects funded by FHWA for high technology products for highway or transit applications.

"ITS improves transportation safety and mobility and enhances productivity through the use of advanced information and communications technologies. Intelligent transportation systems (ITS) encompass a broad range of wireless and wire line communications-based information and electronics technologies. When integrated into the transportation system's infrastructure, and in vehicles themselves, these technologies relieve congestion, improve safety and enhance American productivity."

To effectively apply ITS to highway and transit projects, the National ITS Architecture, initiated in 1991 and sponsored by USDOT, describes a wide range of likely ITS applications, using high technology products, for highway and transit projects. In 2001 the FHWA and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) established 23 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 940 Part 11, which required agencies using federal funds to establish ITS Architectures for their regions. The architecture must contain the following elements:



BACKGROUND November 1, 2016

- 1) Description of the region –**Section 2.2**
- 2) Identification of the participating agencies and other stakeholders Section 4.0
- 3) Roles and responsibilities of the participating agencies and other stakeholders **Section 4.0**
- 4) Agreements needed for operation Section 11.0
- 5) System functional requirements **Section 9.0**
- 6) Interface requirements and information exchanges with planned and existing systems **Appendix B** (also see the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture Turbo Architecture source file)
- 7) Identification of applicable standards (ITS Standards) Section 10.0
- 8) Sequence of projects necessary for implementation traceable to a portion of the regional architecture **Section 8.1**

The products derived from architecture development processes provide a number of benefits to the transportation planners and engineers. The following are examples of these benefits:

- 1) Establishes a common terminology for the various ITS elements needed to implement and operate ITS applications.
- 2) Defines those elements and the functions they perform, and identifies, in theory, all of the possible interrelationships among the ITS elements.
- 3) The National ITS Architecture does not dictate a specific approach to implementing or operating any ITS application; rather, it provides a common set of terms and concepts that local ITS implementers are encouraged to utilize in describing their specific ITS activities.
- 4) Provides a "living" planning document that promotes modularity and integration, and minimizes impacts when needs to regional issues change.
- 5) Promotes a thorough, coordinated and multi-jurisdictional "systems" approach to ITS and the use of a Systems Engineering process to its deployment.
- 6) Fosters the utilization of the "standards" that are being developed through the USDOT National ITS Architecture program.



architecture scope November 1, 2016

2.0 ARCHITECTURE SCOPE

The Northshore Regional ITS Architecture is a roadmap for transportation systems integration throughout the four parishes in the Northshore area. The architecture was developed through a cooperative effort by the region's transportation agencies. It represents a shared vision of how each agency's systems will work together in the future, sharing information and resources to provide a safer, more efficient, and more effective transportation system for travelers in the region.

The architecture provides an overarching framework that spans all of the region's transportation organizations and individual transportation projects. Using the architecture, each transportation project can be viewed as an element of the overall transportation system, providing visibility into the relationship between individual transportation projects and ways to cost-effectively build an integrated transportation system over time. This chapter establishes the scope of the architecture in terms of its geographic breadth, the scope of services that are covered, and the time horizon that is addressed.

2.1 TIMEFRAME

The time frame for this Architecture is five years.

2.2 GEOGRAPHIC SCOPE

The geographic coverage area for the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture includes the following parishes:

- 1. St. Helena Parish
- 2. St. Tammany Parish
- 3. Tangipahoa Parish
- 4. Washington Parish

This region falls under the purview of LADOTD District 62 as shown in **Figure 1**. The New Orleans Regional Planning Commission (RPC) serves as the MPO for this region and responsible for comprehensive evaluation of region-wide transportation planning for the urbanized area. There has been significant growth in the Northshore area and therefore after the 2010 census it became necessary to form a new MPO known as the South Tangipahoa Metropolitan Planning Organization (STMPO). **Figure 2** shows the STMPO boundary. Currently, RPC has oversight of this MPO area.



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2.3 SERVICE SCOPE

This Regional ITS Architecture covers a range of ITS services intended to address transportation needs identified within the defined geographic scope. These transportation deficiencies in the region may be existing or emerging issues. Various services based on the national ITS architecture service packages shall be selected and programmed into projects to address the transportation needs in a logical manner. Section 7 of this document shows a range of existing and planned ITS services.

2.4 MAINTAINER

Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD), with the assistance of the MPO will maintain the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture with updates required in 5 years.



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Figure 1: Geographic Area Covered by LADOTD District 62



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Figure 2: South Tangipahoa Metropolitan Planning Organization Boundary



relationship to regional planning November 1, 2016

3.0 RELATIONSHIP TO REGIONAL PLANNING

The Northshore Regional ITS Architecture is an integral part of planning for the operations and maintenance strategies that are addressed by the regional transportation planning process. The architecture provides a framework that connects operations and maintenance objectives and strategies with the integrated transportation system improvements that are implemented as a progressive series of ITS projects. The architecture is also used to define the data needs associated with performance monitoring that supports an informed planning process. This chapter identifies the planning objectives, strategies, and associated performance measures from the regional plan. These planning elements are connected with ITS services in the Turbo Architecture database.

Name ¹	Description	Category ²	Performance Measure
Safety	Continually improve the safety of the regional transportation system for all users	Safety	Crashes/MVM Fatalities per year
Livable Communities	Improve quality of life of the region's residents	Congestion Reduction	Travel Time
State of Good Repair	Protect existing transportation investments	Infrastructure Condition	Condition Index
Economic Competitiveness	Develop a multimodal transportation system that cultivates economic development, growth, and resiliency	Freight Movement and Economic Vitality/System Reliability	Benefit-Cost Ratio
Environmental Sustainability	Develop a transportation system that contributes to a healthier environment for future generations	Environmental Sustainability	Decibel (dB) VOC, CO, NOx

Table 1: Transportation Goals

¹ Metropolitan Transportation Plan Mandeville-Covington and Slidell Urbanized Areas ² <u>http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/about/goals.cfm</u> (accessed 7/7/2016)



ITS stakeholders November 1, 2016

4.0 ITS STAKEHOLDERS

Effective ITS architecture development involves the integration of multiple stakeholders and their transportation systems. This section describes the stakeholders who either participated in the creation of this current version of the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture or whom the participating stakeholders felt needed to be included in the architecture. Some stakeholders have been grouped in order to better reflect mutual participation or involvement in transportation services and elements. **Table 2** gives a brief description of each stakeholder identified for the Northshore Regional Architecture. **Section 6.0** describes the ITS system inventory and the association of these stakeholders with the elements in this inventory.

Stakeholder Name	Stakeholder Description
Cities	This stakeholder group collectively refers to the cities of Covington, Hammond, Mandeville and Slidell which form the major population centers within the Northshore area.
Cities of Covington- Mandeville	The cities of Covington-Mandeville provide municipal government services, including police and fire protection, to its residents and businesses. Land use plans and ordinances guide city administration, elected officials, and private citizens and developers.
City of Hammond	The City of Hammond is an incorporated city providing municipal government services, including police and fire protection, to its residents and businesses. Land use plans and ordinances guide city administration, elected officials, and private citizens and developers.
City of Slidell	The City of Slidell government operates police and fire departments and the emergency medical services.
Commercial Vehicle Operator	This stakeholder group refers to commercial vehicle operations responsible for movement of freight on the highway system.
GNOEC	The five-member Greater New Orleans Expressway Commission (GNOEC) is the controlling body of the Causeway which includes the bridge system and the Causeway approach road system on the North Shore of Lake Pontchartrain. Called The Causeway Commission, it is an entity responsible for the maintenance, construction, and enforcement of safety laws on the Lake Pontchartrain Causeway. It is headquartered in the New Orleans suburb of Metairie. Also, the GNOEC polices the US 90, Huey P. Long Bridge.

Table 2: Northshore ITS Architecture Stakeholders



ITS stakeholders November 1, 2016

Stakeholder Name	Stakeholder Description
LADOTD	Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) is an arm of the Louisiana government responsible for state-wide transportation. The LADOTD responsibilities include statewide transportation system operations. This stakeholder group includes all Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) units (ITS, Office of Planning Programming, Highway Safety, Weights and Standards, Traffic Services, and Traffic Engineering) involved in transportation planning, operations, and maintenance. Some of the typical responsibilities include include incident detection and response, evacuation planning and management, transportation data collection, management, and distribution for the local region as well as for the entire state.
Local Emergency Medical	This includes local hospitals and emergency medical service providers (i.e., ambulance, air- evacuation, etc) that are components of emergency management.
Local/Regional Public Safety Agencies	Responsible for operating local police, sheriff, fire, and EMS offices and vehicles throughout region. This stakeholder group includes all the regional agencies that are involved in emergency, fire, sheriff, police, and other public safety/emergency response activities.
Louisiana State Police (Troop L)	Louisiana State Police agency is responsible for operating Louisiana State Police Centers. This includes Computer Aided Dispatch database, which collects incident/emergency detection, dispatch, response, and status information related to the Louisiana State Police officers/equipment. They are also responsible for Louisiana State Police vehicles.
Media	This stakeholder group includes local TV/Radio Channels and print media that are responsible for receiving and distributing transportation information like traffic conditions, incidents and road weather conditions.
NORPC	The New Orleans Regional Planning Commission (NORPC) serves as the designated Economic Development District for Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard and St. Tammany Parishes as well as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for all of the named parishes in addition to St. Charles and St. John parishes. This regional body is comprised of a 26 voting member board with representation from each of the five core parishes and supported by a staff of planning professionals. This board, which consists of elected officials and citizen members, meets on a monthly basis to discuss issues that are regional in nature.
Parish Government	This refers to the collective group of Parishes for which this ITS architecture is being developed.
Public	Members of the general public own and operate various devices/systems to access ITS information including personal digital assistants (PDAs), cell phones, and personal computers.
St. Helena Parish	The parish seat is in Greensburg. The 2010 Census estimated its population to be 11,203. The Parish provides local governmental services including law enforcement, fire department and maintenance of public roads and bridges.
St. Tammany Parish	The parish seat is in Covington. In 2010, the population was 233,740. In 2004, the population was estimated to have grown to 212,000, and after the landfall of Hurricane Katrina the following year, the population was estimated by St. Tammany Planners to be about 264,000. St. Tammany Parish is colloquially referred to as part of the "Northshore" or "North Shore" throughout metropolitan New Orleans, owing to its location on Lake Pontchartrain.



ITS stakeholders November 1, 2016

Stakeholder Name	Stakeholder Description
Tangipahoa Parish	The parish seat is in Amite City, but the major city is Hammond. As of 2010, the population was 121,097. The Hammond Metropolitan Statistical Area includes all of Tangipahoa Parish.
Tourism and Traveler Information Service Providers	This includes various tourism agencies, chambers of commerce, hotel associations, motorist services, and map search.
Washington Parish	The parish seat is in Franklinton. The 2010 Census estimated its population to be 47,168. The Parish provides local governmental services including law enforcement, fire department and maintenance of public roads and bridges.



its system inventory November 1, 2016

5.0 ITS SYSTEM INVENTORY

An inventory of existing and planned transportation systems is the basis for the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture. The transportation system inventory was developed based on input from stakeholders throughout the region. The inventory includes a list of ITS elements and the associated stakeholder responsible for system operation.

Table 3 describes the surface transportation inventory element for the region. A transportation element can be a center, a vehicle, a traveler or a piece of field equipment. Each transportation element listed below has one or more stakeholders associated with it from Section 5. In order to reduce the complexity of the architecture, some transportation elements with like functionality have been grouped together. Each transportation inventory element is mapped to at least one National ITS Architecture entity.

5.1 EXISTING REGIONAL ITS SYSTEMS AND OPERATIONS

LADOTD has deployed significant number of ITS devices and communications in the Northshore area and managed from the New Orleans TMC. The existing devices can also be monitored and controlled from the Statewide TMC located in Baton Rouge as needed. The existing ITS elements within the limits of the regional architecture coverage area have been compiled and described in **Table 3**.

The 511 Traveler Information System, Way-to-Geaux app, Twitter and the DMS are used for advance traveler information. This enables drivers to actively engage in smart travel by choosing less congested routes and avoiding incident areas. The Information provided to travelers includes but not limited to construction activity or workzones, lane closures, incidents, Amber alerts, on state routes and bridges. Usually law enforcement provides incident information. All 511 information is provided to TMC via email as public notices. The 511 lane closure and construction information is communicated from DOTD District 62 to the Statewide TMC. Incidents that occur on the state routes are communicated from the State Police and municipal police to the Statewide 511 center in Baton Rouge. The speed information for the Northshore area is extracted from Google speed data.

CCTV cameras are used for monitoring the road network for congestion and incidents. In the event of an incident the TMC operators can use CCTV camera for verification and obtain additional information on the incident such as lane blockage, number of vehicles involved and congestion. The visual information obtained can then be communicated to first responders and appropriate traveler information posted on the DMS, 511, Way-to-Geaux or social media.



its system inventory November 1, 2016

Table 3: Existing ITS Devices

ITS Device	Number	Comments
511 Traveler Information	www.511la.org	
CCTV Camera	23	Cameras have pan-tilt-zoom capability
DMS	13	
Fiber Optic Communication	I-12 Corridor	Most devices have fiber optic communication with a few on wireless communications
Way-to-Geaux App	Statewide	User can set region of interest for traffic information

5.2 TRANSPORTATION NEEDS

The needs discussed in this section were obtained from a series of meetings held with stakeholders (LADOTD District 62, NORPC, LSP, New Orleans TMC Operators, and the Northshore Safety Coalition). The transportation challenges that need to be addressed using ITS include flooding, incident management, congestion mitigation, traveler information and emergency evacuation. The primary devices requested by the stakeholders include CCTV cameras with PTZ capability, DMS, and associated communications. There are several devices (CCTV cameras, DMS, RVDs) already deployed in the Northshore area that are monitored and operated from the New Orleans TMC. The TMC staff provided locations that are "blind spots" and could use additional CCTV coverage on I-12 and I-55 (see **Appendix C**). Furthermore, a traffic management center (TMC) is desired in this area to monitor and control devices. These needs will be discussed in further detail below. **Appendix F** for meeting minutes with stakeholders.

5.2.1 Flooding

Flooding affects several areas and leads to road closures. The Pearl River Bridge is located on I-10 and consists of three segments known as the West, Middle and East Pearl. There are sections along this corridor that are prone to flooding. Another location with flooding issues is I-55 at US 51.

The recent floods that occurred in August 2016 flooded segments of I-12 in Livingston Parish and stranded motorists and some had to be rescued. Flooding also occurred on I-12 near Pumpkin Center Road and Sontheimer Road overpass in Tangipahoa Parish. I-55 got flooded between LA 10 and LA 1048. I-59 at West Pearl River and Pearl River (Stateline) was potentially flooded.



its system inventory November 1, 2016

5.2.2 Incident Management

The incident hotspots for Troop L are the Pinnacle area on I-12 between LA 21 and US 190. Queues on I-12EB are frequent. The Tchefuncte Bridge has some queuing issues but it is not very clear what the cause is. Troop L desires "smart devices" to help with queue management and advance warning capability. Other locations where incidents frequently occur have been identified and listed below:

- I-12 EB west of LA 1077
- Intersection of LA 442, LA 443 and LA 40 near Tickfaw

5.2.3 Emergency Management

Hurricane related evacuation is a contingency for the State of Louisiana and residents are moved from coastal areas inland and to neighboring states. LSP recommended ITS devices to help monitor traffic at the stateline with Mississippi. The crossover points at LA 16 and LA 38 also require devices to monitor traffic at this location.

5.2.4 CCTV Camera

There are gaps identified in the existing CCTV camera coverage in the Northshore area. The New Orleans TMC provided locations where CCTV cameras are required (see **Appendix C**). Several other locations were identified by other stakeholders for CCTV cameras. LSP recommended two interchanges on I-55 (i.e. LA 16 and LA 38) and at the Stateline for CCTV coverage to monitor contraflow operations during emergency evacuation. Continuous CCTV coverage to Mississippi Stateline is desired. Locations identified for deployment of CCTV cameras are summarized below in **Table 4**.

Corridor	Location	Comments
I-10	Pearl Bridge (West, Middle and East Pearl)	Traffic monitoring
I-12	LA 3158	Traffic monitoring
	LA 59	Traffic monitoring
	LA 21	Traffic monitoring

Table 4: Proposed CCTV Camera Locations



its system inventory November 1, 2016

	LA 434	Traffic monitoring
	LA 1077	Traffic monitoring
	US 51	Traffic monitoring
	Pumpkin Center Road	Traffic monitoring
	Sontheimer Road Overpass	Traffic monitoring
	LA 445	Traffic monitoring
I-55	LA 442	Traffic monitoring
	US 51	Traffic monitoring
	LA 3234	Traffic monitoring
	LA 40	Traffic monitoring
	LA 16	Traffic monitoring, contraflow crossover
	LA 1042	Traffic monitoring
	LA 440	Traffic monitoring
	LA 1053	Traffic monitoring
	LA 38	Traffic monitoring, contraflow crossover
	Stateline	Traffic monitoring
US 190	LA 441	Traffic monitoring
	US 11	Traffic monitoring
	LA 21	Traffic monitoring
	LA 25	Traffic monitoring
	LA 43	Traffic monitoring
	LA 63	Traffic monitoring



its system inventory November 1, 2016

5.2.5 Traveler information system

A DMS near the Causeway and coordination with Causeway Police is needed. Occasionally the LA 22 Madisonville Bridge is closed and travelers need advance notice of the bridge status prior to getting stuck in the queue waiting for the bridge to become passable again. LA 433 near US 11 was identified as a potential site to help divert traffic off US 11in the event of "US 11 bridge problems." US 190 is a designated detour route and needs DMS for traveler information during traffic diversions. A DMS is also required on I-12 eastbound just west of LA 1077.

5.2.6 Motorist Assistance Patrol

At the Northshore Regional Safety Coalition meeting held 3/3/2016, MAP service for the Northshore area was requested by LSP to help with incident response. Three separate MAP services will be required in the Northshore area because of the size. The proposed coverage areas in order of priority (from highest to lowest) are:

- 1. Slidell
- 2. Hammond
- 3. Mandeville-Covington

MAP service is currently estimated to cost approximately \$800K to operate in each area for two patrol vehicles, 12 hours a day, with supervisor and training. NORPC expressed interest in supporting MAP service at least for the Slidell area and expected to contribute 50% match required to fund MAP service.

5.2.7 Communications

There are several corridors where fiber optic communications are desired to upgrade communications between the signal systems. Fiber optic communications in these corridors will enable the signal systems to be coordinated and controlled remotely and efficiently. The corridors identified include US 11, US 190 (Covington, Mandeville, Slidell), LA 21 (signalized corridor), LA 22 and US 190 Business. The signal systems on US 11 and Gause Boulevard have twisted pair for communications between the signal systems but there is no remote access for signal communications. US 190 serves as a designated detour route in the event of incidents on I-12. Ultimately the goal is to provide communications and remote access to all corridors designated as detour routes.

There are two CCTV cameras that use unreliable cell modem for communication located on I-55 and I-59 at the Mississippi Stateline. Communications upgrades at these locations will enable traffic images to be streamed to 511 webpage and provide reliable traffic images to the TMC to monitor traffic for incidents and congestion. Viewing coordination with Mississippi State Police is desired.



its system inventory November 1, 2016

5.2.8 Detection

NORPC desires extensive detection data (volume, speed and classification) along the interstates, major arterials and interchanges to help establish a baseline for performance measurement, trend analysis, and other planning studies. This will help NORPC present compelling and defensible programs, measure outcomes and benefits and provide justification for funding. DOTD District 62 also desires detection data to minimize risk to crews during installation of tube counters and durability of the tubes during counts. DOTD ITS Section has challenges with the cost of maintenance of devices and currently exploring data sourced from a third party to support business functions. Detection is required at the following locations:

- 1. I-10 corridor in Slidell and east of New Orleans to Mississippi
- 2. I-55 corridor to monitor traffic during normal operations and emergencies (contraflow)
- 3. I-59 to monitor incoming traffic from Picayune and Pearl River County in Mississippi for normal operations and emergencies (contraflow)

5.2.9 Video Distribution

RPC recommended CCTV camera feeds to the Parish Emergency Operations Center (EOC). Each EOC can be provided with a workstation will access to video from CCTV cameras on roadway to help manage assess system status.

5.2.10 Northshore TMC

A TMC is desired in the Northshore area to help monitor ITS devices, manage traffic, and dispatch MAP or assist with incident response. LSP Troop L and LADOTD intend to partner to develop a permanent TMC that will be collocated within the proposed headquarters for LSP Troop L. Due to funding constraints no timeline has been provided for the construction of this facility that would also house the proposed Northshore TMC.

Several locations were discussed and could be retrofitted to serve as temporary location for the Northshore TMC and these include

- 1. LSP communications center in Mandeville (insufficient communications bandwidth to this location)
- 2. St. Tammany Parish Education Complex (potential colocation with emergency dispatch however geographic location is not ideal and DOTD servers cannot be installed at this location)
- 3. 911 Center in Covington has vacant consoles (colocation with regional dispatch preferred)



its system inventory November 1, 2016

4. District 62 can provide office space to temporary house the Northshore TMC until proposed LSP headquarters is constructed.

5.2.11 Proposed LA 3241

The proposed LA 3241 roadway will be a controlled access facility that will be built in 2-3 years. Devices proposed for this corridor include CCTV and DMS to monitor traffic and control traffic. On occasion there are controlled burns required in the area that could impact traffic in the vicinity. Communications to the devices and a few signals that are proposed for this corridor is also desired.

5.2.12 Automated Crossover Gates

New automated crossover gates are desired on the Twin Span Bridge similar to those on the Atchafalaya and Bonne Carre. Upgrades of the existing automated gates has been let and LADOTD can evaluate the performance, and this will inform deployment at new locations.

5.2.13 Publicizing ITS Services

NORPC would like to see the ITS services available to the public (Way-to-Geaux app, 511 webpage, etc.) publicized so that the public is aware and knows how to use it effectively to their benefit.

5.2.14 Relocation of Existing ITS Devices

Widening projects being undertaken have affected some existing ITS devices such as the CCTV camera located near US 190 and I-12, and they will have to be relocated. The widening projects provide opportunities to deploy new devices or provide conduits for future communications to devices. The proposed Super Street project could potentially be used to install fiber optics along the US 190 corridor.

5.2.15 Connected Vehicles/Autonomous Vehicles

Connected vehicles and autonomous vehicles will have significant impact on how the public travels with tremendous benefits in safety mobility and the environment. Autonomous vehicle technology is still under development along with the regulatory framework for its operation. One cannot say with certainty when autonomous vehicle technology will fully mature or when related ITS investments have to be made to accommodate this novel approach to mobility. Connected vehicles show more promise of being deployed sooner than Level 4 autonomous vehicles (NHTSA could soon recommend light trucks to have connected vehicle technology as standard and certain automobile manufacturers are already planning to have connected vehicle capability in automobiles). However, it is still uncertain what the infrastructure requirements will be. Advanced vehicle systems will be addressed in future updates to this document.



its services November 1, 2016

6.0 ITS SERVICES

ITS services describe what can be done to improve the efficiency, safety, and convenience of the regional transportation system through better information, advanced systems and new technologies. Some services are specific to one primary stakeholder while others require broad stakeholder participation. Table 5 provides a brief description of the ITS services that meet the transportation needs in the region. Complete details of service package description are provided in the Turbo Architecture file.

Table 5: ITS Services

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ADI	ITS Data Mart	This service package provides a focused archive that houses data collected and owned by a single agency, district, private sector provider, research institution, or other organization. This focused archive typically includes data covering a single transportation mode and one jurisdiction that is collected from an operational data store and archived for future use. It provides the basic data quality, data privacy, and meta data management common to all ITS archives and provides general query and report access to archive data users.	Existing	Causeway Traffic Operations DOTD District 02 Traffic Operation DOTD District 61 Traffic Operations DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations Archive
				Emergency 911
			Local Emergency Operations Centers	
				LSP Troop L
				NORPC
				Northshore TMC
				Transit Data Archive



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
AD2	ITS Data Warehouse	This service package includes all the data collection and management capabilities provided by the ITS Data Mart, and adds the functionality and interface definitions that allow collection of data from multiple agencies and data sources spanning across modal and jurisdictional boundaries. It performs the additional transformations and provides the additional meta data management features that are necessary so that all this data can be managed in a single repository with consistent formats. The potential for large volumes of varied data suggests additional on-line analysis and data mining features that are also included in this service package in addition to the basic query and reporting user access features offered by the ITS Data Mart.	Existing	Causeway Traffic Operations DOTD District 02 Traffic Operation DOTD Statewide TMC Emergency 911 Local Emergency 911 Local Emergency Operations Centers LSP Troop L NORPC Northshore TMC Parish Traffic
				Operations
APTS01	Transit Vehicle Tracking	This service package monitors current transit vehicle location using an Automated Vehicle Location System. The location data may be used to determine real time schedule adherence and update the transit system's schedule in real-time. Vehicle position may be determined either by the vehicle (e.g., through GPS) and relayed to the infrastructure or may be determined directly by the communications infrastructure. A two-way wireless communication link with the Transit Management Subsystem is used for relaying vehicle position and control measures. Fixed route transit systems may also employ beacons along the route to enable position determination and facilitate communications with each vehicle at fixed intervals. The Transit Management Subsystem processes this information, updates the transit schedule and makes real-time schedule information available to the Information Service Provider.	Existing	Transit



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
APTS02	Transit Fixed-Route Operations	This service package performs automated dispatch and system monitoring for fixed-route and flexible- route transit services. This service performs scheduling activities including the creation of schedules, blocks and runs, as well as operator assignment. This service determines the transit vehicle trip performance against the schedule using AVL data and provides information displays at the Transit Management Subsystem. Static and real time transit data is exchanged with Information Service Providers where it is integrated with that from other transportation modes (e.g. rail, ferry, air) to provide the public with integrated and personalized dynamic schedules.	Existing	Transit
APTS03	Demand Response Transit	This service package performs automated dispatch and system monitoring for demand responsive transit	Existing	Transit
	Operations	services. This service performs scheduling activities as well as operator assignment. In addition, this service package performs similar functions to support dynamic features of flexible-route transit services. This package monitors the current status of the transit fleet and supports allocation of these fleet resources to service incoming requests for transit service while also considering traffic conditions. The Transit Management Subsystem provides the necessary data processing and information display to assist the transit operator in making optimal use of the transit fleet.		Transit Information Center
APTS04	Transit Fare Collection Management	This service package manages transit fare collection on-board transit vehicles and at transit stops using electronic means. It allows transit users to use a traveler card or other electronic payment device. Readers located either in the infrastructure or on- board the transit vehicles enable electronic fare payment. Data is processed, stored, and displayed on the transit vehicle and communicated as needed to the Transit Management Subsystem. Two other service packages, ATMS10: Electronic Toll Collection and ATMS16: Parking Facility Management, also provide electronic payment services. These three service packages in combination provide an integrated electronic payment system for transportation services.	Existing	Transit



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
APTS05	Transit Security	This service package provides for the physical security of transit passengers and transit vehicle operators. On-board equipment is deployed to perform surveillance and sensor monitoring in order to warn of potentially hazardous situations. The surveillance equipment includes video (e.g., CCTV cameras), audio systems and/or event recorder systems. The sensor equipment includes threat sensors (e.g., chemical agent, toxic industrial chemical, biological, explosives, and radiological sensors) and object detection sensors (e.g., metal detectors). Transit user or transit vehicle operator activated alarms are provided on-board. Public areas (e.g., transit stops, park and ride lots, stations) are also monitored with similar surveillance and sensor equipment and provided with transit user activated alarms	Existing	Transit
APTS06	Transit Fleet Management	This service package supports automatic transit maintenance scheduling and monitoring. On-board condition sensors monitor system status and transmit critical status information to the Transit Management Subsystem. Hardware and software in the Transit Management Subsystem processes this data and schedules preventative and corrective maintenance. The service package also supports the day to day management of the transit fleet inventory, including the assignment of specific transit vehicles to blocks.	Existing	Transit
APTS07	Multi-modal Coordination	Aulti-modalThis service package establishes two wayCoordinationcommunications between multiple transit and traffic agencies to improve service coordination.Multimodal coordination between transit agencies	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations
		can increase traveler convenience at transit transfer points and clusters (a collection of stops, stations, or terminals where transfers can be made conveniently)		Image: Image and the systemImage and
		and also improve operating efficiency. Transit transfer information is shared between Multimodal		Parish Irattic Operations
		Iransportation Service Providers and Iransit Agencies.		Transit
APTS08	Transit Traveler Information	This service package provides transit users at transit stops and on-board transit vehicles with ready access to transit information. The information services include transit stop annunciation, imminent arrival signs, and	Planned	Local Print and Broadcast Channels
		real-time transit schedule displays that are of general interest to transit users. Systems that provide custom transit trip itineraries and other tailored transit		Louisiana 511/ Website
		information services are also represented by this service package.		Image:



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
				Transit
				Transit Information Center
APTS10	Transit Passenger Counting	This service package counts the number of passengers entering and exiting a transit vehicle using sensors mounted on the vehicle and communicates the collected passenger data back to the management center. The collected data can be used to calculate reliable ridership figures and measure passenger load information at particular stops.	Existing	Transit
ATIS01	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	Causeway Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	DOTD Social Media



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	DOTD Statewide TMC
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	Local Print and Broadcast Channels



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	Northshore TMC
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	Personal Devices



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	Private Traveler Information Service Providers
ATISO1	Broadcast Traveler Information	This service package collects traffic conditions, advisories, general public transportation, toll and parking information, incident information, roadway maintenance and construction information, air quality and weather information, and broadcasts the information to travelers using technologies such as FM subcarrier, satellite radio, cellular data broadcasts, and Internet web casts. The information may be provided directly to travelers or provided to merchants and other traveler service providers so that they can better inform their customers of travel conditions. Different from the service package ATMS06 - Traffic Information Dissemination, which provides localized HAR and DMS information capabilities, ATIS01 provides a wide area digital broadcast service. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time traveler information from roadway instrumentation, probe vehicles or other sources.	Planned	Transit Information Center



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO2	Interactive Traveler Information	This service package provides tailored information in response to a traveler request. Both real-time interactive request/response systems and information systems that "push" a tailored stream of information to the traveler based on a submitted profile are supported. The traveler can obtain current information regarding traffic conditions, roadway maintenance and construction, transit services, ride share/ride match, parking management, detours and pricing information. Although the Internet is the predominate network used for traveler information dissemination, a range of two-way wide-area wireless and fixed-point to fixed-point communications systems may be used to support the required data communications between the traveler and Information Service Provider. A variety of interactive devices may be used by the traveler to access information prior to a trip or en route including phone via a 511-like portal and web pages via kiosk, personal digital assistant, personal computer, and a variety of in-vehicle devices. This service package also allows value-added resellers to collect transportation information that can be aggregated and be available to their personal devices or remote traveler systems to better inform their customers of transportation conditions. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time transportation data from roadway instrumentation, transit, probe vehicles or other means. A traveler may also input personal preferences and identification information to the system about the traveler as well as receive updates from the system so the card can be updated over time.	Planned	Louisiana 511/ Website



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO2	Interactive Traveler Information	This service package provides tailored information in response to a traveler request. Both real-time interactive request/response systems and information systems that "push" a tailored stream of information to the traveler based on a submitted profile are supported. The traveler can obtain current information regarding traffic conditions, roadway maintenance and construction, transit services, ride share/ride match, parking management, detours and pricing information. Although the Internet is the predominate network used for traveler information dissemination, a range of two-way wide-area wireless and fixed-point to fixed-point communications systems may be used to support the required data communications between the traveler and Information Service Provider. A variety of interactive devices may be used by the traveler to access information prior to a trip or en route including phone via a 511-like portal and web pages via kiosk, personal digital assistant, personal computer, and a variety of in-vehicle devices. This service package also allows value-added resellers to collect transportation information that can be aggregated and be available to their personal devices or remote traveler systems to better inform their customers of transportation conditions. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time transportation data from roadway instrumentation, transit, probe vehicles or other means. A traveler may also input personal preferences and identification information to the system about the traveler as well as receive updates from the system so the card can be updated over time.	Planned	Personal Devices



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATISO2	Interactive Traveler Information	This service package provides tailored information in response to a traveler request. Both real-time interactive request/response systems and information systems that "push" a tailored stream of information to the traveler based on a submitted profile are supported. The traveler can obtain current information regarding traffic conditions, roadway maintenance and construction, transit services, ride share/ride match, parking management, detours and pricing information. Although the Internet is the predominate network used for traveler information dissemination, a range of two-way wide-area wireless and fixed-point to fixed-point communications systems may be used to support the required data communications between the traveler and Information Service Provider. A variety of interactive devices may be used by the traveler to access information prior to a trip or en route including phone via a 511-like portal and web pages via kiosk, personal digital assistant, personal computer, and a variety of in-vehicle devices. This service package also allows value-added resellers to collect transportation information that can be aggregated and be available to their personal devices or remote traveler systems to better inform their customers of transportation conditions. Successful deployment of this service package relies on availability of real-time transportation data from roadway instrumentation, transit, probe vehicles or other means. A traveler may also input personal preferences and identification information to the system about the traveler as well as receive updates from the system so the card can be updated over time.	Planned	Private Traveler Information Service Providers



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	Causeway ITS Field Elements
ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	Causeway Traffic Operations


Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	DOTD CCTV
ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment
ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



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ATMS01	Network Surveillance	This service package includes traffic detectors, other surveillance equipment, the supporting field equipment, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications to transmit the collected data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem. The derived data can be used locally such as when traffic detectors are connected directly to a signal control system or remotely (e.g., when a CCTV system sends data back to the Traffic Management Subsystem). The data generated by this service package enables traffic managers to monitor traffic and road conditions, identify and verify incidents, detect faults in indicator operations, and collect census data for traffic strategy development and long range planning. The collected data can also be analyzed and made available to users and the Information Service Provider Subsystem.	Existing	Parish ITS Field Equipment



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
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ATMS03	Traffic Signal Control	This service package provides the central control and monitoring equipment, communication links, and the signal control equipment that support traffic control at signalized intersections. A range of traffic signal control systems are represented by this service package ranging from fixed-schedule control systems to fully traffic responsive systems that dynamically adjust control plans and strategies based on current traffic conditions and priority requests. This service package is generally an intra-jurisdictional package. Systems that achieve coordination across jurisdictions by using a common time base or other strategies that do not require real time coordination would also be represented by this package. Coordination of traffic signal systems using real-time communications is covered in the ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management service package. This service package is consistent with typical traffic signal control systems.	Existing	DOTD District 02 Traffic Signal System



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS03	Traffic Signal Control	This service package provides the central control and monitoring equipment, communication links, and the signal control equipment that support traffic control at signalized intersections. A range of traffic signal control systems are represented by this service package ranging from fixed-schedule control systems to fully traffic responsive systems that dynamically adjust control plans and strategies based on current traffic conditions and priority requests. This service package is generally an intra-jurisdictional package. Systems that achieve coordination across jurisdictions by using a common time base or other strategies that do not require real time coordination would also be represented by this package. Coordination of traffic signal systems using real-time communications is covered in the ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management service package. This service package is consistent with typical traffic signal control systems.	Existing	DOTD District 61 Traffic Signal System
ATMS03	Traffic Signal Control	This service package provides the central control and monitoring equipment, communication links, and the signal control equipment that support traffic control at signalized intersections. A range of traffic signal control systems are represented by this service package ranging from fixed-schedule control systems to fully traffic responsive systems that dynamically adjust control plans and strategies based on current traffic conditions and priority requests. This service package is generally an intra-jurisdictional package. Systems that achieve coordination across jurisdictions by using a common time base or other strategies that do not require real time coordination would also be represented by this package. Coordination of traffic signal systems using real-time communications is covered in the ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management service package. This service package is consistent with typical traffic signal control systems.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



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ATMS03	Traffic Signal Control	This service package provides the central control and monitoring equipment, communication links, and the signal control equipment that support traffic control at signalized intersections. A range of traffic signal control systems are represented by this service package ranging from fixed-schedule control systems to fully traffic responsive systems that dynamically adjust control plans and strategies based on current traffic conditions and priority requests. This service package is generally an intra-jurisdictional package. Systems that achieve coordination across jurisdictions by using a common time base or other strategies that do not require real time coordination would also be represented by this package. Coordination of traffic signal systems using real-time communications is covered in the ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management service package. This service package is consistent with typical traffic signal control systems.	Existing	DPW



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ATMS03	Traffic Signal Control	This service package provides the central control and monitoring equipment, communication links, and the signal control equipment that support traffic control at signalized intersections. A range of traffic signal control systems are represented by this service package ranging from fixed-schedule control systems to fully traffic responsive systems that dynamically adjust control plans and strategies based on current traffic conditions and priority requests. This service package is generally an intra-jurisdictional package. Systems that achieve coordination across jurisdictions by using a common time base or other strategies that do not require real time coordination would also be represented by this package. Coordination of traffic signal systems using real-time communications is covered in the ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management service package. This service package is consistent with typical traffic signal control systems.	Existing	Northshore TMC
ATMS03	Traffic Signal Control	This service package provides the central control and monitoring equipment, communication links, and the signal control equipment that support traffic control at signalized intersections. A range of traffic signal control systems are represented by this service package ranging from fixed-schedule control systems to fully traffic responsive systems that dynamically adjust control plans and strategies based on current traffic conditions and priority requests. This service package is generally an intra-jurisdictional package. Systems that achieve coordination across jurisdictions by using a common time base or other strategies that do not require real time coordination would also be represented by this package. Coordination of traffic signal systems using real-time communications is covered in the ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management service package. This service package is consistent with typical traffic signal control systems.	Existing	Parish Traffic Operations



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ATMS04	Traffic Metering	This service package provides central monitoring and control, communications, and field equipment that support metering of traffic. It supports the complete range of metering strategies including ramp, interchange, and mainline metering. This package incorporates the instrumentation included in the Network Surveillance service package (traffic sensors are used to measure traffic flow and queues) to support traffic monitoring so responsive and adaptive metering strategies can be implemented. Also included is configurable field equipment to provide information to drivers approaching a meter, such as advance warning of the meter, its operational status (whether it is currently on or not, how many cars per green are allowed, etc.), lane usage at the meter (including a bypass lane for HOVs) and existing queue at the meter.	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS04	Traffic Metering	This service package provides central monitoring and control, communications, and field equipment that support metering of traffic. It supports the complete range of metering strategies including ramp, interchange, and mainline metering. This package incorporates the instrumentation included in the Network Surveillance service package (traffic sensors are used to measure traffic flow and queues) to support traffic monitoring so responsive and adaptive metering strategies can be implemented. Also included is configurable field equipment to provide information to drivers approaching a meter, such as advance warning of the meter, its operational status (whether it is currently on or not, how many cars per green are allowed, etc.), lane usage at the meter (including a bypass lane for HOVs) and existing queue at the meter.	Planned	DOTD ITS Field Equipment
ATMS04	Traffic Metering	This service package provides central monitoring and control, communications, and field equipment that support metering of traffic. It supports the complete range of metering strategies including ramp, interchange, and mainline metering. This package incorporates the instrumentation included in the Network Surveillance service package (traffic sensors are used to measure traffic flow and queues) to support traffic monitoring so responsive and adaptive metering strategies can be implemented. Also included is configurable field equipment to provide information to drivers approaching a meter, such as advance warning of the meter, its operational status (whether it is currently on or not, how many cars per green are allowed, etc.), lane usage at the meter (including a bypass lane for HOVs) and existing queue at the meter.	Planned	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS04	Traffic Metering	This service package provides central monitoring and control, communications, and field equipment that support metering of traffic. It supports the complete range of metering strategies including ramp, interchange, and mainline metering. This package incorporates the instrumentation included in the Network Surveillance service package (traffic sensors are used to measure traffic flow and queues) to support traffic monitoring so responsive and adaptive metering strategies can be implemented. Also included is configurable field equipment to provide information to drivers approaching a meter, such as advance warning of the meter, its operational status (whether it is currently on or not, how many cars per green are allowed, etc.), lane usage at the meter (including a bypass lane for HOVs) and existing queue at the meter.	Planned	Northshore TMC
ATMSO6	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	Causeway ITS Field Elements



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	DOTD DMS



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	DOTD Social Media



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	Emergency 911



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	Local Print and Broadcast Channels



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	Louisiana 511/ Website



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS06	Traffic Information Dissemination	This service package provides driver information using roadway equipment such as dynamic message signs or highway advisory radio. A wide range of information can be disseminated including traffic and road conditions, closure and detour information, travel restrictions, incident information, and emergency alerts and driver advisories. This package provides information to drivers at specific equipped locations on the road network. Careful placement of the roadway equipment provides the information at points in the network where the drivers have recourse and can tailor their routes to account for the new information. This package also covers the equipment and interfaces that provide traffic information from a traffic management center to the media (for instance via a direct tie-in between a traffic management center and radio or television station computer systems), Transit Management, Emergency Management, and Information Service Providers. A link to the Maintenance and Construction Management subsystem allows real time information on road/bridge closures and restrictions due to maintenance and construction activities to be disseminated. The sharing of transportation operations data described in this service package also supports other services like ATMS09- Traffic Decision Support and Demand Management.	Existing	Northshore TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	Causeway ITS Field Elements



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	Causeway Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD CCTV



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD District 02 Traffic Operation



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD District 61 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD DMS



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD MAP



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	Northshore TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS07	Regional Traffic Management	This service package provides for the sharing of traffic information and control among traffic management centers to support regional traffic management strategies. Regional traffic management strategies that are supported include inter-jurisdictional, real- time coordinated traffic signal control systems and coordination between freeway operations and traffic signal control within a corridor. This service package advances the ATMS03-Traffic Signal Control and ATMS04-Traffic Metering service packages by adding the communications links and integrated control strategies that enable integrated, interjurisdictional traffic management. The nature of optimization and extent of information and control sharing is determined through working arrangements between jurisdictions. This package relies principally on roadside instrumentation supported by the Traffic Signal Control and Traffic Metering service packages and adds hardware, software, and fixed-point to fixed-point communications capabilities to implement traffic management strategies that are coordinated between allied traffic management centers. Several levels of coordination are supported from sharing of information through sharing of control between traffic management centers.	Existing	Parish Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATM\$08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD CCTV



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, maintenance and construction management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATM\$08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, maintenance and construction management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD DMS



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATM\$08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, maintenance and construction management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD MAP


Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATM\$08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD Social Media



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS08	Traffic Incident Management System	This service package manages both unexpected incidents and planned events so that the impact to the transportation network and traveler safety is minimized. The service package includes incident detection capabilities through roadside surveillance devices (e.g. CCTV) and through regional coordination with other traffic management, maintenance and construction management and emergency management centers as well as rail operations and event promoters. Information from these diverse sources is collected and correlated by this service package to detect and verify incidents and implement an appropriate response. This service package supports traffic operations personnel in developing an appropriate response in coordination with emergency management, maintenance and construction management, and other incident response personnel to confirmed incidents. The response may include traffic control strategy modifications or resource coordination between center subsystems. Incident response also includes presentation of information to affected travelers using the Traffic Information Dissemination service package and dissemination of incident information or Interactive Traveler Information service packages. The roadside equipment used to detect and verify incidents also allows the operator to monitor incident status as the response unfolds. The coordination with emergency management might be through a CAD system or through other communication with emergency field personnel. The coordination can also extend to tow trucks and other allied response agencies and field service personnel.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



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ATMS09	Transportation Decision Support and Demand Management	This service package recommends courses of action to traffic operations personnel based on an assessment of current and forecast road network performance. Recommendations may include predefined incident response plans and regional surface street and freeway control strategies that correct network imbalances. Where applicable, this service package also recommends transit, parking, and toll strategies to influence traveler route and mode choices to support travel demand management (TDM) programs and policies managing both traffic and the environment. TDM recommendations are coordinated with transit, parking, and toll administration centers to support regional implementation of TDM strategies. Incident response and congestion management recommendations are implemented by the local traffic management center and coordinated with other regional centers by other service packages (see ATMS07-Regional Traffic Management and ATMS08- Traffic Incident Management). All recommendations are based on historical evaluation, real-time assessment, and forecast of the roadway network performance based on predicted travel demand patterns. Traffic data is collected from sensors and surveillance equipment as well as other transportation management centers (see ATIS06-Transportation Operations Data Sharing). Forecasted traffic loads are derived from historical data and route plans supplied by the Information Service Provider Subsystem. This service package also collects air quality, parking availability, transit usage, and vehicle occupancy data to support TDM, where applicable.	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



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ATMS11	Emissions Monitoring and Management	This service package monitors individual vehicle emissions and provides general air quality monitoring using distributed sensors to collect the data. The collected information is transmitted to the emissions management subsystem for processing. Both area wide air quality monitoring and point emissions monitoring are supported by this service package. For area wide monitoring, this service package measures air quality, identifies sectors that are non- compliant with air quality standards, and collects, stores and reports supporting statistical data. For point emissions monitoring, this service package collects data from on-board diagnostic systems and measures tail pipe emissions to identify vehicles that exceed emissions standards and/or clean vehicles that could be released from standard emissions tests, depending on policy and regulations. Summary emissions information or warnings can also be displayed to drivers. The gathered information can be used to implement environmentally sensitive TDM programs, policies, and regulations.	Planned	NORPC
ATMS13	Standard Railroad Grade Crossing	This service package manages highway traffic at highway-rail intersections (HRIs) where operational requirements do not dictate more advanced features (e.g., where rail operational speeds are less than 80 miles per hour). Both passive (e.g., the crossbuck sign) and active warning systems (e.g., flashing lights and gates) are supported. (Note that passive systems exercise only the single interface between the roadway subsystem and the driver in the architecture definition.) These traditional HRI warning systems may also be augmented with other standard traffic management devices. The warning systems are activated on notification by interfaced wayside equipment of an approaching train. The equipment at the HRI may also be interconnected with adjacent signalized intersections so that local control can be adapted to highway-rail intersection activities. Health monitoring of the HRI equipment and interfaces is performed; detected abnormalities are reported to both highway and railroad officials through wayside interfaces and interfaces to the traffic management subsystem.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System



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ATMS13	Standard Railroad Grade Crossing	This service package manages highway traffic at highway-rail intersections (HRIs) where operational requirements do not dictate more advanced features (e.g., where rail operational speeds are less than 80 miles per hour). Both passive (e.g., the crossbuck sign) and active warning systems (e.g., flashing lights and gates) are supported. (Note that passive systems exercise only the single interface between the roadway subsystem and the driver in the architecture definition.) These traditional HRI warning systems may also be augmented with other standard traffic management devices. The warning systems are activated on notification by interfaced wayside equipment of an approaching train. The equipment at the HRI may also be interconnected with adjacent signalized intersections so that local control can be adapted to highway-rail intersection activities. Health monitoring of the HRI equipment and interfaces is performed; detected abnormalities are reported to both highway and railroad officials through wayside interfaces and interfaces to the traffic management subsystem.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment
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ATMS15	Railroad Operations Coordination	This service package provides an additional level of strategic coordination between freight rail operations and traffic management centers. Rail operations provides train schedules, maintenance schedules, and any other forecast events that will result in highway-rail intersection (HRI) closures. This information is used to develop forecast HRI closure times and durations that may be used in advanced traffic control strategies or to enhance the quality of traveler information.	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System
ATMS15	Railroad Operations Coordination	This service package provides an additional level of strategic coordination between freight rail operations and traffic management centers. Rail operations provides train schedules, maintenance schedules, and any other forecast events that will result in highway-rail intersection (HRI) closures. This information is used to develop forecast HRI closure times and durations that may be used in advanced traffic control strategies or to enhance the quality of traveler information.	Planned	Parish Traffic Operations
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Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ATMS21	Roadway Closure Management	This service package closes roadways to vehicular traffic when driving conditions are unsafe, maintenance must be performed, and other scenarios where access to the roadway must be prohibited. The service package includes automatic or remotely controlled gates or barriers that control access to roadway segments including ramps and traffic lanes. Remote control systems allow the gates to be controlled from a central location or from a vehicle at the gate/barrier location, improving system efficiency and reducing personnel exposure to unsafe conditions during severe weather and other situations where roads must be closed. Surveillance systems allow operating personnel to visually verify the safe activation of the closure system and driver information systems (e.g., DMS) provide closure. The equipment managed by this service package includes the control and monitoring systems, the field devices (e.g., gates, warning lights, DMS, CCTV cameras) at the closure location(s), and the information systems that notify other systems of a closure applications; specific closure systems that are used at railroad grade crossings, drawbridges, reversible lanes, etc. are covered by other ATMS service packages.	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



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AVSS12	Cooperative Vehicle Safety Systems	This service package enhances the on-board longitudinal and lateral warning stand-alone systems by exchanging messages with other surrounding vehicles and roadside equipment. Vehicles send out information concerning their location, speed, and direction to surrounding vehicles. The roadside equipment provides information about potential safety hazards in the vehicle path such as stalled (unequipped) vehicles, wrong-way drivers, debris, or water hazards. The on-board systems can then process this information and present warnings to the driver including headway warnings, merge warnings, unsafe passing warnings, and warnings about hazards detected in the vehicle path. Special messages from approaching emergency vehicles may also be received and processed.	Planned	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



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CVO02	Freight Administration	This service package tracks the movement of cargo and monitors the cargo condition. Interconnections are provided to intermodal freight shippers and intermodal freight depots for tracking of cargo from source to destination. In addition to the usual cargo monitoring required to insure that cargo gets from origin to destination, the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem monitors shipments to make sure that no tampering or breach of security occurs to the cargo on commercial vehicles. Any such tampering will be reported to the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem. In addition to exceptions (e.g., alerts) that are reported, on-going indications of the state of the various freight equipment are reported to the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem. The commercial vehicle driver is also alerted of any tampering or breach of cargo security. Freight managers may decide to take further action on the alerts and/or provide responses that explain that the alerts are false alarms. If no explanation is received, the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem. Commercial vehicle and freight security breaches may also be sent to the Commercial Vehicle Check subsystem.	Planned	CVO



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
CVO02	Freight Administration	This service package tracks the movement of cargo and monitors the cargo condition. Interconnections are provided to intermodal freight shippers and intermodal freight depots for tracking of cargo from source to destination. In addition to the usual cargo monitoring required to insure that cargo gets from origin to destination, the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem monitors shipments to make sure that no tampering or breach of security occurs to the cargo on commercial vehicles. Any such tampering will be reported to the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem. In addition to exceptions (e.g., alerts) that are reported, on-going indications of the state of the various freight equipment are reported to the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem. The commercial vehicle driver is also alerted of any tampering or breach of cargo security. Freight managers may decide to take further action on the alerts and/or provide responses that explain that the alerts are false alarms. If no explanation is received, the Fleet and Freight Management subsystem. Commercial vehicle and freight security breaches may also be sent to the Commercial Vehicle Check subsystem.	Planned	LSP Troop L



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
CVO04	CV Administrative Processes	This service package supports program administration and enrollment and provides for electronic application, processing, fee collection, issuance, and distribution of CVO credential and tax filing. Through this process, carriers, drivers, and vehicles may be enrolled in a variety of programs including electronic clearance and wireless inspection programs which allow commercial vehicles to be screened at mainline speeds. Through this enrollment process, current profile databases are maintained in the Commercial Vehicle Administration subsystem and snapshots of this data are made available to the roadside check facilities. Current program status is maintained and made available to carriers, drivers, and other authorized users of the data. Enrolled carriers are provided the option to review and challenge the collected data. Commercial Vehicle Administration subsystems can share current program status and credential information with other Commercial Vehicle Administration subsystems, so that it is possible for any Commercial Vehicle Administration subsystem to have access to all credentials, credential fees, credentials status and safety status information. In addition, it is possible for one Commercial Vehicle Administration subsystem to collect HAZMAT route restrictions information from other Commercial Vehicle Administration subsystems and then act as a clearinghouse for this route restrictions information for Information Service Providers, Map Update Providers, and Fleet and Freight Management subsystems.	Planned	<none></none>
CVO06	Weigh-In-Motion	This service package provides for high speed weigh- in-motion with or without Automated Vehicle Identification (AVI) capabilities. This service package provides the roadside equipment that could be used as a stand-alone system or to augment the Electronic Clearance (CVO03) service package. It also supports virtual weigh station configurations that do not require continuous staffing and are monitored from another location. These sites may include a variety of sensor components to collect data in addition to the weigh- in-motion sensors and include a camera system and communications with the remote monitoring location.	Planned	CVO



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
CVO06	Weigh-In-Motion	This service package provides for high speed weigh- in-motion with or without Automated Vehicle Identification (AVI) capabilities. This service package provides the roadside equipment that could be used as a stand-alone system or to augment the Electronic Clearance (CVO03) service package. It also supports virtual weigh station configurations that do not require continuous staffing and are monitored from another location. These sites may include a variety of sensor components to collect data in addition to the weigh- in-motion sensors and include a camera system and communications with the remote monitoring location.	Planned	LSP Troop L
CV007	Roadside CVO Safety	This service package provides for automated roadside safety monitoring and reporting. It automates commercial vehicle safety inspections at the roadside check locations. The capabilities for performing the safety inspection are shared between this service package and the On-board CVO and Freight Safety & Security (CVO08) service package which enables a variety of implementation options. The basic option, directly supported by this service package, facilitates safety inspection of vehicles that have been pulled off the highway, perhaps as a result of the automated screening process provided by the Electronic Clearance (CVO03) service package. In this scenario, only basic identification data and status information is read from the electronic tag on the commercial vehicle. The identification data from the tag enables access to additional safety data maintained in the infrastructure which is used to support the safety inspection, and may also inform the pull-in decision if system timing requirements can be met. More advanced implementations, supported by the On-board CVO and Freight Safety & Security (CVO08) service package, utilize additional on-board vehicle safety monitoring and reporting capabilities in the commercial vehicle to augment the roadside safety check.	Planned	CVO



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
CVO07	Roadside CVO Safety	This service package provides for automated roadside safety monitoring and reporting. It automates commercial vehicle safety inspections at the roadside check locations. The capabilities for performing the safety inspection are shared between this service package and the On-board CVO and Freight Safety & Security (CVO08) service package which enables a variety of implementation options. The basic option, directly supported by this service package, facilitates safety inspection of vehicles that have been pulled off the highway, perhaps as a result of the automated screening process provided by the Electronic Clearance (CVO03) service package. In this scenario, only basic identification data and status information is read from the electronic tag on the commercial vehicle. The identification data from the tag enables access to additional safety data maintained in the infrastructure which is used to support the safety inspection, and may also inform the pull-in decision if system timing requirements can be met. More advanced implementations, supported by the On-board CVO and Freight Safety & Security (CVO08) service package, utilize additional on-board vehicle safety monitoring and reporting capabilities in the commercial vehicle to augment the roadside safety check.	Planned	LSP Troop L
CVO10	HAZMAT Management	This service package integrates incident management capabilities with commercial vehicle tracking to assure effective treatment of HAZMAT material and incidents. HAZMAT tracking is performed by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The Emergency Management subsystem is notified by the Commercial Vehicle if an incident occurs and coordinates the response. The response is tailored based on information that is provided as part of the original incident notification or derived from supplemental information provided by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The latter information can be provided prior to the beginning of the trip or gathered following the incident depending on the selected policy and implementation.	Planned	СVО



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
CVO10	HAZMAT Management	This service package integrates incident management capabilities with commercial vehicle tracking to assure effective treatment of HAZMAT material and incidents. HAZMAT tracking is performed by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The Emergency Management subsystem is notified by the Commercial Vehicle if an incident occurs and coordinates the response. The response is tailored based on information that is provided as part of the original incident notification or derived from supplemental information provided by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The latter information can be provided prior to the beginning of the trip or gathered following the incident depending on the selected policy and implementation.	Planned	Emergency 911
CVO10	HAZMAT Management	This service package integrates incident management capabilities with commercial vehicle tracking to assure effective treatment of HAZMAT material and incidents. HAZMAT tracking is performed by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The Emergency Management subsystem is notified by the Commercial Vehicle if an incident occurs and coordinates the response. The response is tailored based on information that is provided as part of the original incident notification or derived from supplemental information provided by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The latter information can be provided prior to the beginning of the trip or gathered following the incident depending on the selected policy and implementation.	Planned	Emergency Management Department
CVO10	HAZMAT Management	This service package integrates incident management capabilities with commercial vehicle tracking to assure effective treatment of HAZMAT material and incidents. HAZMAT tracking is performed by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The Emergency Management subsystem is notified by the Commercial Vehicle if an incident occurs and coordinates the response. The response is tailored based on information that is provided as part of the original incident notification or derived from supplemental information provided by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The latter information can be provided prior to the beginning of the trip or gathered following the incident depending on the selected policy and implementation.	Planned	HAZMAT Mobil Response



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
CVO10	HAZMAT Management	This service package integrates incident management capabilities with commercial vehicle tracking to assure effective treatment of HAZMAT material and incidents. HAZMAT tracking is performed by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The Emergency Management subsystem is notified by the Commercial Vehicle if an incident occurs and coordinates the response. The response is tailored based on information that is provided as part of the original incident notification or derived from supplemental information provided by the Fleet and Freight Management Subsystem. The latter information can be provided prior to the beginning of the trip or gathered following the incident depending on the selected policy and implementation.	Planned	LSP Troop L
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Causeway Police
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	DOTD MAP



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC
EMOI	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Emergency 911
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Emergency Management Department



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	HAZMAT Mobil Response
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Local Emergency Medical Service
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Local Emergency Operations Centers



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	LSP Troop L
EMOI	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Northshore TMC
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Parish Fire Department


Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM01	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Parish Sheriffs Office
EMOI	Emergency Call- Taking and Dispatch	This service package provides basic public safety call- taking and dispatch services. It includes emergency vehicle equipment, equipment used to receive and route emergency calls, and wireless communications that enable safe and rapid deployment of appropriate resources to an emergency. Coordination between Emergency Management Subsystems supports emergency notification between agencies. Wide area wireless communications between the Emergency Management Subsystem and an Emergency Vehicle supports dispatch and provision of information to responding personnel.	Existing	Police Departments
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Causeway Police



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	DOTD MAP
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Emergency 911



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	HAZMAT Mobil Response
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Local Emergency Medical Service



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	LSP Troop L
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Northshore TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Parish Fire Department
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Parish Sheriffs Office



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM02	Emergency Routing	This service package supports automated vehicle location and dynamic routing of emergency vehicles. Traffic information, road conditions, and suggested routing information are provided to enhance emergency vehicle routing. Special priority or other specific emergency traffic control strategies can be coordinated to improve the safety and time- efficiency of responding vehicle travel on the selected route(s). The Emergency Management Subsystem provides the routing for the emergency fleet based on real-time conditions and has the option of requesting a route from the Traffic Management subsystem. The Emergency Vehicle may also be equipped with dedicated short range communications for local signal preemption and the transmission of alerts to surrounding vehicles. The service provides for information exchange between care facilities and both the Emergency Management Subsystem and emergency vehicles.	Planned	Police Departments
EM04	Roadway Service Patrols	This service package supports roadway service patrol vehicles that monitor roads that aid motorists, offering rapid response to minor incidents (flat tire, accidents, out of gas) to minimize disruption to the traffic stream. If problems are detected, the roadway service patrol vehicles will provide assistance to the motorist (e.g., push a vehicle to the shoulder or median). The service package monitors service patrol vehicle locations and supports vehicle dispatch to identified incident locations. Incident information collected by the service patrol is shared with traffic, maintenance and construction, and traveler information systems.	Existing	DOTD MAP
EM04	Roadway Service Patrols	This service package supports roadway service patrol vehicles that monitor roads that aid motorists, offering rapid response to minor incidents (flat tire, accidents, out of gas) to minimize disruption to the traffic stream. If problems are detected, the roadway service patrol vehicles will provide assistance to the motorist (e.g., push a vehicle to the shoulder or median). The service package monitors service patrol vehicle locations and supports vehicle dispatch to identified incident locations. Incident information collected by the service patrol is shared with traffic, maintenance and construction, and traveler information systems.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM04	Roadway Service Patrols	This service package supports roadway service patrol vehicles that monitor roads that aid motorists, offering rapid response to minor incidents (flat tire, accidents, out of gas) to minimize disruption to the traffic stream. If problems are detected, the roadway service patrol vehicles will provide assistance to the motorist (e.g., push a vehicle to the shoulder or median). The service package monitors service patrol vehicle locations and supports vehicle dispatch to identified incident locations. Incident information collected by the service patrol is shared with traffic, maintenance and construction, and traveler information systems.	Existing	LSP Troop L
EM04	Roadway Service Patrols	This service package supports roadway service patrol vehicles that monitor roads that aid motorists, offering rapid response to minor incidents (flat tire, accidents, out of gas) to minimize disruption to the traffic stream. If problems are detected, the roadway service patrol vehicles will provide assistance to the motorist (e.g., push a vehicle to the shoulder or median). The service package monitors service patrol vehicle locations and supports vehicle dispatch to identified incident locations. Incident information collected by the service patrol is shared with traffic, maintenance and construction, and traveler information systems.	Existing	Northshore TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM05	Transportation Infrastructure Protection	This service package includes the monitoring of transportation infrastructure (e.g., bridges, tunnels and management centers) for potential threats using sensors and surveillance equipment and barrier and safeguard systems to control access, preclude an incident, and mitigate the impact of an incident if it occurs. Threats can result from acts of nature (e.g., hurricanes, earthquakes), terrorist attacks or other incidents causing damage to the infrastructure (e.g., stray barge hitting a bridge support). Infrastructure may be monitored with acoustic, environmental threat (such as nuclear, biological, chemical, and explosives), infrastructure condition and integrity, motion and object sensors and video and audio surveillance equipment. Data from such sensors and surveillance equipment to detect and verify threats. When a threat is detected, agencies are notified. Detected threats or advisories received from other agencies result in an increased level of system preparedness. In response to threats, barrier and safeguard systems may be activated by Traffic Management Subsystems to deter an incident, control access to an area or mitigate the impact of an incident. Barrier systems include gates, barriers and other automated and remotely controlled systems that manage entry to transportation infrastructure. Safeguard systems include blast shields, exhaust systems and other automated and remotely controlled systems that mitigate impact of an incident.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM05	Transportation Infrastructure Protection	This service package includes the monitoring of transportation infrastructure (e.g., bridges, tunnels and management centers) for potential threats using sensors and surveillance equipment and barrier and safeguard systems to control access, preclude an incident, and mitigate the impact of an incident if it occurs. Threats can result from acts of nature (e.g., hurricanes, earthquakes), terrorist attacks or other incidents causing damage to the infrastructure (e.g., stray barge hitting a bridge support). Infrastructure may be monitored with acoustic, environmental threat (such as nuclear, biological, chemical, and explosives), infrastructure condition and integrity, motion and object sensors and video and audio surveillance equipment. Data from such sensors and surveillance equipment to detect and verify threats. When a threat is detected, agencies are notified. Detected threats or advisories received from other agencies result in an increased level of system preparedness. In response to threats, barrier and safeguard systems may be activated by Traffic Management Subsystems to deter an incident, control access to an area or mitigate the impact of an incident. Barrier systems include gates, barriers and other automated and remotely controlled systems that manage entry to transportation infrastructure. Safeguard systems include blast shields, exhaust systems and other automated and remotely controlled systems that mitigate impact of an incident.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM05	Transportation Infrastructure Protection	This service package includes the monitoring of transportation infrastructure (e.g., bridges, tunnels and management centers) for potential threats using sensors and surveillance equipment and barrier and safeguard systems to control access, preclude an incident, and mitigate the impact of an incident if it occurs. Threats can result from acts of nature (e.g., hurricanes, earthquakes), terrorist attacks or other incidents causing damage to the infrastructure (e.g., stray barge hitting a bridge support). Infrastructure may be monitored with acoustic, environmental threat (such as nuclear, biological, chemical, and explosives), infrastructure condition and integrity, motion and object sensors and video and audio surveillance equipment. Data from such sensors and surveillance equipment to detect and verify threats. When a threat is detected, agencies are notified. Detected threats or advisories received from other agencies result in an increased level of system preparedness. In response to threats, barrier and safeguard systems may be activated by Traffic Management Subsystems to deter an incident, control access to an area or mitigate the impact of an incident. Barrier systems include gates, barriers and other automated and remotely controlled systems that manage entry to transportation infrastructure. Safeguard systems include blast shields, exhaust systems and other automated and remotely controlled systems that mitigate impact of an incident.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM05	Transportation Infrastructure Protection	This service package includes the monitoring of transportation infrastructure (e.g., bridges, tunnels and management centers) for potential threats using sensors and surveillance equipment and barrier and safeguard systems to control access, preclude an incident, and mitigate the impact of an incident if it occurs. Threats can result from acts of nature (e.g., hurricanes, earthquakes), terrorist attacks or other incidents causing damage to the infrastructure (e.g., stray barge hitting a bridge support). Infrastructure may be monitored with acoustic, environmental threat (such as nuclear, biological, chemical, and explosives), infrastructure condition and integrity, motion and object sensors and video and audio surveillance equipment. Data from such sensors and surveillance equipment to detect and verify threats. When a threat is detected, agencies are notified. Detected threats or advisories received from other agencies result in an increased level of system preparedness. In response to threats, barrier and safeguard systems may be activated by Traffic Management Subsystems include gates, barriers and other automated and remotely controlled systems and other automated and remotely controlled systems that manage entry to transportation infrastructure. Safeguard systems that mitigate impact of an incident.	Existing	LSP Troop L



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM05	Transportation Infrastructure Protection	This service package includes the monitoring of transportation infrastructure (e.g., bridges, tunnels and management centers) for potential threats using sensors and surveillance equipment and barrier and safeguard systems to control access, preclude an incident, and mitigate the impact of an incident if it occurs. Threats can result from acts of nature (e.g., hurricanes, earthquakes), terrorist attacks or other incidents causing damage to the infrastructure (e.g., stray barge hitting a bridge support). Infrastructure may be monitored with acoustic, environmental threat (such as nuclear, biological, chemical, and explosives), infrastructure condition and integrity, motion and object sensors and video and audio surveillance equipment. Data from such sensors and surveillance equipment to detect and verify threats. When a threat is detected, agencies are notified. Detected threats or advisories received from other agencies result in an increased level of system preparedness. In response to threats, barrier and safeguard systems may be activated by Traffic Management Subsystems to deter an incident, control access to an area or mitigate the impact of an incident. Barrier systems include gates, barriers and other automated and remotely controlled systems that manage entry to transportation infrastructure. Safeguard systems include blast shields, exhaust systems and other automated and remotely controlled systems that mitigate impact of an incident.	Existing	Northshore TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM06	Wide-Area Alert	This service package uses ITS driver and traveler information systems to alert the public in emergency situations such as child abductions, severe weather events, civil emergencies, and other situations that pose a threat to life and property. The alert includes information and instructions for transportation system operators and the traveling public, improving public safety and enlisting the public's help in some scenarios. The ITS technologies will supplement and support other emergency and homeland security alert systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS). When an emergency situation is reported and verified and the terms and conditions for system activation are satisfied, a designated agency broadcasts emergency information to traffic agencies, transit agencies, information service providers, toll operators, and others that operate ITS systems. The ITS systems, in turn, provide the alert information to transportation system operators and the traveling public using ITS technologies such as dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, in- vehicle displays, transit displays, 511 traveler information systems, and traveler information web sites.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM06	Wide-Area Alert	This service package uses ITS driver and traveler information systems to alert the public in emergency situations such as child abductions, severe weather events, civil emergencies, and other situations that pose a threat to life and property. The alert includes information and instructions for transportation system operators and the traveling public, improving public safety and enlisting the public's help in some scenarios. The ITS technologies will supplement and support other emergency and homeland security alert systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS). When an emergency situation is reported and verified and the terms and conditions for system activation are satisfied, a designated agency broadcasts emergency information to traffic agencies, transit agencies, information service providers, toll operators, and others that operate ITS systems. The ITS systems, in turn, provide the alert information to transportation system operators and the traveling public using ITS technologies such as dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, in- vehicle displays, transit displays, 511 traveler information systems, and traveler information web sites.	Existing	Emergency 911



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM06	Wide-Area Alert	This service package uses ITS driver and traveler information systems to alert the public in emergency situations such as child abductions, severe weather events, civil emergencies, and other situations that pose a threat to life and property. The alert includes information and instructions for transportation system operators and the traveling public, improving public safety and enlisting the public's help in some scenarios. The ITS technologies will supplement and support other emergency and homeland security alert systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS). When an emergency situation is reported and verified and the terms and conditions for system activation are satisfied, a designated agency broadcasts emergency information to traffic agencies, transit agencies, information service providers, toll operators, and others that operate ITS systems. The ITS systems, in turn, provide the alert information to transportation system operators and the traveling public using ITS technologies such as dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, in- vehicle displays, transit displays, 511 traveler information systems, and traveler information web sites.	Existing	Emergency Management Department



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM06	Wide-Area Alert	This service package uses ITS driver and traveler information systems to alert the public in emergency situations such as child abductions, severe weather events, civil emergencies, and other situations that pose a threat to life and property. The alert includes information and instructions for transportation system operators and the traveling public, improving public safety and enlisting the public's help in some scenarios. The ITS technologies will supplement and support other emergency and homeland security alert systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS). When an emergency situation is reported and verified and the terms and conditions for system activation are satisfied, a designated agency broadcasts emergency information to traffic agencies, transit agencies, information service providers, toll operators, and others that operate ITS systems. The ITS systems, in turn, provide the alert information to transportation system operators and the traveling public using ITS technologies such as dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, in- vehicle displays, transit displays, 511 traveler information systems, and traveler information web sites.	Existing	Local Emergency Operations Centers



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM06	Wide-Area Alert	This service package uses ITS driver and traveler information systems to alert the public in emergency situations such as child abductions, severe weather events, civil emergencies, and other situations that pose a threat to life and property. The alert includes information and instructions for transportation system operators and the traveling public, improving public safety and enlisting the public's help in some scenarios. The ITS technologies will supplement and support other emergency and homeland security alert systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS). When an emergency situation is reported and verified and the terms and conditions for system activation are satisfied, a designated agency broadcasts emergency information to traffic agencies, transit agencies, information service providers, toll operators, and others that operate ITS systems. The ITS systems, in turn, provide the alert information to transportation system operators and the traveling public using ITS technologies such as dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, in- vehicle displays, transit displays, 511 traveler information systems, and traveler information web sites.	Existing	LSP Troop L



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM06	Wide-Area Alert	This service package uses ITS driver and traveler information systems to alert the public in emergency situations such as child abductions, severe weather events, civil emergencies, and other situations that pose a threat to life and property. The alert includes information and instructions for transportation system operators and the traveling public, improving public safety and enlisting the public's help in some scenarios. The ITS technologies will supplement and support other emergency and homeland security alert systems such as the Emergency Alert System (EAS). When an emergency situation is reported and verified and the terms and conditions for system activation are satisfied, a designated agency broadcasts emergency information to traffic agencies, transit agencies, information service providers, toll operators, and others that operate ITS systems. The ITS systems, in turn, provide the alert information to transportation system operators and the traveling public using ITS technologies such as dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, in- vehicle displays, transit displays, 511 traveler information systems, and traveler information web sites.	Existing	Northshore TMC
EM07	Early Warning System	This service package monitors and detects potential, looming, and actual disasters including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man- made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and acts of terrorism including nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package monitors alerting and advisory systems, ITS sensors and surveillance systems, field reports, and emergency call-taking systems to identify emergencies and notifies all responding agencies of detected emergencies.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM07	Early Warning System	This service package monitors and detects potential, looming, and actual disasters including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man- made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and acts of terrorism including nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package monitors alerting and advisory systems, ITS sensors and surveillance systems, field reports, and emergency call-taking systems to identify emergencies and notifies all responding agencies of detected emergencies.	Existing	Emergency Management Department
EM07	Early Warning System	This service package monitors and detects potential, looming, and actual disasters including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man- made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and acts of terrorism including nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package monitors alerting and advisory systems, ITS sensors and surveillance systems, field reports, and emergency call-taking systems to identify emergencies and notifies all responding agencies of detected emergencies.	Existing	Local Emergency Operations Centers
EM07	Early Warning System	This service package monitors and detects potential, looming, and actual disasters including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man- made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and acts of terrorism including nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package monitors alerting and advisory systems, ITS sensors and surveillance systems, field reports, and emergency call-taking systems to identify emergencies and notifies all responding agencies of detected emergencies.	Existing	LSP Troop L



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM07	Early Warning System	This service package monitors and detects potential, looming, and actual disasters including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man- made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and acts of terrorism including nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package monitors alerting and advisory systems, ITS sensors and surveillance systems, field reports, and emergency call-taking systems to identify emergencies and notifies all responding agencies of detected emergencies.	Existing	Northshore TMC



its services November 1, 2016

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements	
EM08	EM08 Disaster and Rec	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks).	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC
		The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster itself. In addition, this service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response.			
		The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As			
		immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.			
🚺 St	antec	Ihis service package builds on the basic traffic incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local invitations and require special magnutes such		6.106	

as the activation of one or more emergency

its services November 1, 2016

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package supports coordination of	Existing	Emergency 911
		emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster itself. In addition, this service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response.		
		The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides		
		situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As		
		immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.		
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as the activation of one or more emergency

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans including general plans	Existing	Emergency Management Department
		developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster itself. In addition, this service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response.		
		The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response		
		agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources.		
		managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.		
🚺 St	antec	Ihis service package builds on the basic traffic incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local jurisdictions and require special measures such		6.108

its services November 1, 2016

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks).	Existing d	HAZMAT Mobil Response
		emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster itself. In addition, this service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response.		
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		agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.		
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as the activation of one or more emergency

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster response. The service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response. The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides	Existing	Local Emergency Medical Service
		situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.		
St	antec	This service package builds on the basic frattic incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local jurisdictions and require special measures such as the activation of one or more emergency		6.110

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster response. The service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response. The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystems provides situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and const	Existing	Local Emergency Operations Centers
		provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities. This service package builds on the basic traffic		
5	itantec	incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local jurisdictions and require special measures such as the activation of one or more emergency		6.111

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response. The service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response. The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public	Status Existing	LSP Troop L
		Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities. This service package builds on the basic traffic		
🚺 St	antec	incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local jurisdictions and require special measures such		6.112

its services November 1, 2016

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks). The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with chart time barizon that are	Existing	Northshore TMC
		developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster itself. In addition, this service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response.		
		The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The		
		interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network		
		management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.		
🚺 St	antec	This service package builds on the basic traffic incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local jurisdictions and require special measures such		6.113

as the activation of one or more emergency

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM08	Disaster Response and Recovery	This service package enhances the ability of the surface transportation system to respond to and recover from disasters. It addresses the most severe incidents that require an extraordinary response from outside the local community. All types of disasters are addressed including natural disasters (hurricanes, earthquakes, floods, winter storms, tsunamis, etc.) and technological and man-made disasters (hazardous materials incidents, nuclear power plant accidents, and national security emergencies such as nuclear, chemical, biological, and radiological weapons attacks).	Existing	Parish Fire Department
		The service package supports coordination of emergency response plans, including general plans developed before a disaster as well as specific tactical plans with short time horizon that are developed as part of a disaster response. The service package provides enhanced access to the scene for response personnel and resources, provides better information about the transportation system in the vicinity of the disaster, and maintains situation awareness regarding the disaster itself. In addition, this service package tracks and coordinates the transportation resources - the transportation professionals, equipment, and materials - that constitute a portion of the disaster response.		
		The service package identifies the key points of integration between transportation systems and the public safety, emergency management, public health, and other allied organizations that form the overall disaster response. In this service package, the Emergency Management subsystem represents the federal, regional, state, and local Emergency Operations Centers and the Incident Commands that are established to respond to the disaster. The interface between the Emergency Management Subsystem and the other center subsystems provides situation awareness and resource coordination among transportation and other allied response agencies. In its role, traffic management implements special traffic control strategies and detours and restrictions to effectively manage traffic in and around the disaster. Maintenance and construction provides damage assessment of road network facilities and manages service restoration. Transit		
		management provides a similar assessment of status for transit facilities and modifies transit operations to meet the special demands of the disaster. As immediate public safety concerns are addressed and disaster response transitions into recovery, this service package supports transition back to normal transportation system operation, recovering resources, managing on-going transportation facility repair, supporting data collection and revised plan coordination, and other recovery activities.		
🚺 St	antec	This service package builds on the basic traffic incident response service that is provided by ATMS08, the Traffic Incident Management service package. This service package addresses the additional complexities and coordination requirements that are associated with the most severe incidents that warrant an extraordinary response from outside the local jurisdictions and require special measures such		6.114

Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times. Evacuations are also supported by EM10, the "Disaster Traveler Information" service package, which keeps the public informed during evacuations. See that service package on the evacuations. See that service package on the evacuations. See that service package for more information.	Existing	DOTD District 02 Traffic Operation



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources may be added and managed in evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times.	Existing	DOTD District 61 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times. Evacuations are also supported by EM10, the "Disaster Traveler Information" service package, which keeps the public informed during evacuations.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times. Evacuations are also supported by EM10, the "Disaster Traveler Information" service package, which keeps the public informed during evacuations.	Existing	DOTD MAP



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources may be added and managed in evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times.	Existing	DOTD Social Media



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ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources may be added and managed in evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



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ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation scenarios. Resources play an important role in an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources may be added and managed in evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times.	Existing	Emergency Management Department


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ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times. Evacuations are also supported by EM10, the "Disaster Traveler Information" service package, which keeps the public informed during evacuations.	Existing	Local Emergency Operations Centers



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
ЕМ09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources may be added and managed in evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times.	Existing	Louisiana 511/ Website



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources may be added and managed in evacuation scenarios. Resource requirements are forecast based on the evacuation plans, and the necessary resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times.	Existing	LSP Troop L



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EM09	Evacuation and Reentry Management	This service package supports evacuation of the general public from a disaster area and manages subsequent reentry to the disaster area. The service package addresses evacuations for all types of disasters, including disasters like hurricanes that are anticipated and occur slowly, allowing a well-planned orderly evacuation, as well as disasters like terrorist acts that occur rapidly, without warning, and allow little or no time for preparation or public warning. This service package supports coordination of evacuation plans among the federal, state, and local transportation, emergency, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved in a large-scale evacuation. All affected jurisdictions (e.g., states and counties) at the evacuation origin, evacuation destination, and along the evacuation route are informed of the plan. Information is shared with traffic management agencies to implement special traffic control strategies and to control evacuation traffic, including traffic on local streets and arterials as well as the major evacuation routes. Reversible lanes, shoulder use, closures, special signal control strategies, and other special strategies may be implemented to maximize capacity along the evacuation routes. Transit resources play an important role in an evacuation, removing many people from an evacuated area while making efficient use of limited capacity. Additional shared transit resources are located, shared between agencies if necessary, and deployed at the right locations at the appropriate times. Evacuations are also supported by EM10, the "Disaster Traveler Information" service package, which keeps the public informed during evacuations.	Existing	Police Departments



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services and traveler services (shelters, medical services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee base	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on origin, selected destination, and evacuee-spe	Existing	DOTD MAP



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and closures in effect, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on origin, selected destination, and evacuee-specified evacuation requirements and route parameters. This s	Existing	DOTD Social Media



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information about the disaster area including dublic. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



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ЕМ10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation times, and instructions are provided. Available evacuation routes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evac	Existing	Emergency 911



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and closures in effect, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation invest and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provide. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on origin, selected destination, and evacuee-specified evacuation requirements and route parameters. This service package augments the ATIS service packag	Existing	Emergency Management Department



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ЕМ10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and closures in effect, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinctions and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services and traveler services (shelters, medical services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip plan	Existing	Local Emergency Operations Centers



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on origin, selected destination, and evacuee-spe	Existing	Local Print and Broadcast Channels



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and closures in effect, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on origin, selected destination, and evacuee-specified evacuation requirements and route parameters. This s	Existing	Louisiana 511/ Website



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and closures in effect, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinctions and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services and traveler services (shelters, medical services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip plan	Existing	LSP Troop L



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation troutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provide. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning information that is tailored for the evacuee based on origin, selected destination, and evacuee-spec	Existing	Northshore TMC



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EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation times, and instructions are provided. Available evacuation routes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service pa	Existing	Private Traveler Information Service Providers



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
EM10	Disaster Traveler Information	This service package uses ITS to provide disaster- related traveler information to the general public, including evacuation and reentry information and other information concerning the operation of the transportation system during a disaster. This service package collects information from multiple sources including traffic, transit, public safety, emergency management, shelter provider, and travel service provider organizations. The collected information is processed and the public is provided with real-time disaster and evacuation information using ITS traveler information systems. A disaster will stress the surface transportation system since it may damage transportation facilities at the same time that it places unique demands on these facilities to support public evacuation and provide access for emergency responders. Similarly, a disaster may interrupt or degrade the operation of many traveler information systems at the same time that safety-critical information must be provided to the traveling public. This service package keeps the public informed in these scenarios, using all available means to provide information about the disaster area including damage to the transportation system, detours and clowances, special traffic restrictions and allowances, special transit schedules, and real-time information on traffic conditions and transit system performance in and around the disaster. This service package also provides emergency information to assist the public with evacuations when necessary. Information on mandatory and voluntary evacuation zones, evacuation incutes and destinations and current and anticipated travel conditions along those routes are provided so evacuees are prepared and know their destination and preferred evacuation route. Information on available transit services and traveler services (shelters, medical services, hotels, restaurants, gas stations, etc.) is also provided. In addition to general evacuation information, this service package provides specific evacuation trip planning info	Existing	Transit Information Center



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
MC07	Roadway Maintenance and Construction	This service package supports numerous services for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and construction on a roadway system or right-of-way. Maintenance services would include landscape maintenance, hazard removal (roadway debris, dead animals), routine maintenance activities (roadway cleaning, grass cutting), and repair and maintenance of both ITS and non-ITS equipment on the roadway (e.g., signs, traffic controllers, traffic detectors, dynamic message signs, traffic signals, CCTV, etc.). Environmental conditions information is also received from various weather sources to aid in scheduling maintenance and construction activities.	Existing	DOTD District 02 Traffic Operation
MC07	Roadway Maintenance and Construction	This service package supports numerous services for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and construction on a roadway system or right-of-way. Maintenance services would include landscape maintenance, hazard removal (roadway debris, dead animals), routine maintenance activities (roadway cleaning, grass cutting), and repair and maintenance of both ITS and non-ITS equipment on the roadway (e.g., signs, traffic controllers, traffic detectors, dynamic message signs, traffic signals, CCTV, etc.). Environmental conditions information is also received from various weather sources to aid in scheduling maintenance and construction activities.	Existing	DOTD ITS Section
MC07	Roadway Maintenance and Construction	This service package supports numerous services for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and construction on a roadway system or right-of-way. Maintenance services would include landscape maintenance, hazard removal (roadway debris, dead animals), routine maintenance activities (roadway cleaning, grass cutting), and repair and maintenance of both ITS and non-ITS equipment on the roadway (e.g., signs, traffic controllers, traffic detectors, dynamic message signs, traffic signals, CCTV, etc.). Environmental conditions information is also received from various weather sources to aid in scheduling maintenance and construction activities.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
MC07	Roadway Maintenance and Construction	This service package supports numerous services for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and construction on a roadway system or right-of-way. Maintenance services would include landscape maintenance, hazard removal (roadway debris, dead animals), routine maintenance activities (roadway cleaning, grass cutting), and repair and maintenance of both ITS and non-ITS equipment on the roadway (e.g., signs, traffic controllers, traffic detectors, dynamic message signs, traffic signals, CCTV, etc.). Environmental conditions information is also received from various weather sources to aid in scheduling maintenance and construction activities.	Existing	DPW
MC07	Roadway Maintenance and Construction	This service package supports numerous services for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and construction on a roadway system or right-of-way. Maintenance services would include landscape maintenance, hazard removal (roadway debris, dead animals), routine maintenance activities (roadway cleaning, grass cutting), and repair and maintenance of both ITS and non-ITS equipment on the roadway (e.g., signs, traffic controllers, traffic detectors, dynamic message signs, traffic signals, CCTV, etc.). Environmental conditions information is also received from various weather sources to aid in scheduling maintenance and construction activities.	Existing	Northshore TMC
MC07	Roadway Maintenance and Construction	This service package supports numerous services for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and construction on a roadway system or right-of-way. Maintenance services would include landscape maintenance, hazard removal (roadway debris, dead animals), routine maintenance activities (roadway cleaning, grass cutting), and repair and maintenance of both ITS and non-ITS equipment on the roadway (e.g., signs, traffic controllers, traffic detectors, dynamic message signs, traffic signals, CCTV, etc.). Environmental conditions information is also received from various weather sources to aid in scheduling maintenance and construction activities.	Existing	Parish Traffic Operations



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DOTD CCTV
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DOTD ITS Field Equipment



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DOTD MAP
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DOTD Social Media
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DOTD Statewide TMC



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	DPW
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	Louisiana 511/ Website
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	LSP Troop L



Service Package	Service Package Name	Service Package Description	Service Package Status	Included Elements
MC08	Work Zone Management	This service package manages work zones, controlling traffic in areas of the roadway where maintenance, construction, and utility work activities are underway. Traffic conditions are monitored using CCTV cameras and controlled using dynamic message signs (DMS), Highway Advisory Radio (HAR), gates and barriers. Work zone information is coordinated with other groups (e.g., ISP, traffic management, other maintenance and construction centers). Work zone speeds and delays are provided to the motorist prior to the work zones. This service package provides control of field equipment in all maintenance and construction areas, including fixed, portable, and truck-mounted devices supporting both stationary and mobile work zones.	Existing	Northshore TMC
MC12	Infrastructure Monitoring	This service package monitors the condition of pavement, bridges, tunnels, associated hardware, and other transportation-related infrastructure (e.g., culverts) using both fixed and vehicle-based infrastructure monitoring sensors. Fixed sensors monitor vibration, stress, temperature, continuity, and other parameters and mobile sensors and data logging devices collect information on current infrastructure condition. This service package also monitors vehicle probes for vertical acceleration data and other probe data that may be used to determine current pavement condition.	Existing	DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations
MC12	Infrastructure Monitoring	This service package monitors the condition of pavement, bridges, tunnels, associated hardware, and other transportation-related infrastructure (e.g., culverts) using both fixed and vehicle-based infrastructure monitoring sensors. Fixed sensors monitor vibration, stress, temperature, continuity, and other parameters and mobile sensors and data logging devices collect information on current infrastructure condition. This service package also monitors vehicle probes for vertical acceleration data and other probe data that may be used to determine current pavement condition.	Existing	DPW



system interfaces November 1, 2016

7.0 SYSTEM INTERFACES

The interfaces of the transportation systems in this architecture are based on the National ITS Architecture and tailored to reflect the plan for this region. Architecture diagrams display the transportation systems in the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture and, more importantly, how these systems are and will be connected with one another so that information can be exchanged and transportation services can be coordinated. Stakeholders may use these diagrams to identify integration opportunities. Each system in the region can be represented with two types of diagrams: an overall interconnect diagram and element specific architecture flow context diagram. These diagrams are described below.

The interconnect context diagram shows the connections between systems (i.e., Elements). Interconnects are represented as single lines and indicate information sharing without specifying the type of information being shared or the direction of the information movement, shown as planned or existing. An architecture flow context diagram shows a particular system and all other systems with which it is interconnected, the information being shared (i.e. architecture flows), and the direction of the flow. Descriptions of the architecture flow definitions are included in Appendix A. The architecture context flow and interconnect context diagrams are also presented in Appendix B to better illustrate the interconnections and information flow between the interfaces of the systems in the region. In order to ease reading these figures, some flow diagrams have been substituted with the corresponding interconnect context diagram. Detailed flow diagrams for each element are contained in the Turbo Architecture™ database.



operational concept November 1, 2016

8.0 OPERATIONAL CONCEPT

The Operational Concept lists the roles and responsibilities (RR) that each participating agency must take on to provide the ITS services included in the ITS Architecture. Changing needs may arise that will require an agreement to be formed between all affected parties that defines new or additional roles. Defining the roles and responsibilities of the participating stakeholders in the region and the willingness of agencies to accept their roles and responsibilities is an important step in realizing the common goal of an interoperable ITS system throughout the region. Table 6 provides a summary of the operational concept for the Northsore ITS architecture.

RR Area Name	RR Area Description	RR Description	RR Status	
Archived Data Systems	Data is required for operations, performance measurement and planning. A repository for transportation related data will help agencies	LADOTD	Archive traffic operations data	Existing
	with rich information to support business functions.	Local/Regional Public Safety Agencies	Archive traffic crash reports	
		Louisiana State Police (Troop L)	Archive traffic crash reports	
		NORPC	Aggregate, process, analyze, and store traffic operations data	
Commercial Vehicle Operations	As the economy grows and commercial activities increase there is also an increase in commercial vehicle operations. Having a	LADOTD	infrastructure development	Existing
	robust system to address needs of commercial vehicle operations will support economic growth.	Louisiana State Police (Troop L)	credentials management and checks	
Emergency Management	There are a few emergency contingencies related to weather such as hurricane, flooding or icing. The emergency	GNOEC	Infrastructure monitoring	Existing
	management system will seek to minimize the impacts of extreme events and restore transportation functions and help develop		Emergency response	
	resilient networks and help protect lives.		Motorists information systems	



RR Area Name	RR Area Description	Stakeholder	RR Description	RR Status
			Traffic control	
		LADOTD	Resources for emergency	Existing
			Traffic control	
			Infrastructure monitoring	
			Event monitoring	
			Motorist information system	
		Local/Regional Public Safety	Traffic control	Existing
		Agencies	Incident response	
		Louisiana State Police (Troop L)	Traffic control	Existing
			Incident response	
		St. Helena Parish	resource allocation	Existing
			emergency management	
		St. Tammany Parish	emergency management	Existing
			resource allocation	
		Tangipahoa Parish	emergency management	Existing
			resource allocation	
		Washington Parish	emergency management	Existing
			resource allocation	



RR Area Name	RR Area Description	Stakeholder	RR Description	RR Status
Freeway Management	Safety and mobility on the freeways will support economic growth and livability for all	GNOEC	Operate toll facility	Existing
-	residents and travelers through the region.		Incident response	
			Incident management	
			Motorist assistance	
			Traffic control	
			Motorists information systems	
		LADOTD	Traffic control	Existing
			Motorist information system	
			Operate toll facility	
			Infrastructure monitoring	
			Motorist assistance	
			Event monitoring	
		Local/Regional Public Safety Agencies	Speed enforcement	Existing
		-	Traffic control	
			Incident response	
		Louisiana State Police (Troop L)	Incident management	Existing
			Traffic control	
			Incident response	
			Speed enforcement	



RR Area Name	RR Area Description	Stakeholder	RR Description	RR Status
		Media	Motorist information	Existing
		Tourism and Traveler Information Service Providers	Motorist information	Existing
Incident Management	Incidents can lead to secondary incidents and loss of lives or loss in productivity. An incident management system will facilitate	GNOEC	Infrastructure monitoring	Existing
	mitigation of the impacts of incidents and help protect lives.		Traffic control	
			Motorists information systems	
			Motorist assistance	
			Incident management	
			Incident response	
		LADOTD	Resources for emergency	Existing
			Event monitoring	
			Infrastructure monitoring	
			Motorist information system	
			Motorist assistance	
			Traffic control	
		Local Emergency Medical	Medical response	Existing
			Incident response	
			Traffic control	
		Louisiana State	Incident response	Existing



RR Area Name	RR Area Description	Stakeholder	RR Description	RR Status
		Police (Troop L)	Incident management	
			Traffic control	
		Media	Motorist information	Existing
		Tourism and Traveler Information Service Providers	Motorist information	Existing
Maintenance and Construction	Maintenance and construction will help improve the infrastructure and support socio- economic activities. A well maintained infrastructure will be critical to the economic	GNOEC	Roadway maintenance and construction	Existing
	growth of the region.		Traffic data collection	
			Infrastructure monitoring	
			Traffic control	
		LADOTD	Traffic signal system maintenance and construction	Existing
			Roadway maintenance and construction	Existing
			Traffic data collection	Existing
			Infrastructure monitoring	Planned
		St. Helena Parish	infrastructure maintenance	Existing
		St. Tammany Parish	infrastructure maintenance	Existing



operational concept November 1, 2016

RR Area Name	RR Area Description	Stakeholder	RR Description	RR Status
		Tangipahoa Parish	infrastructure maintenance	Existing
		Washington Parish	infrastructure maintenance	Existing
Surface Street Management	Surface street management to reduce congestion and incidents will make businesses and services more accessible with fewer	LADOTD	traffic signal operations	Existing
	emissions or environmental impacts.		traffic data collection	Existing
		Parish Government	Traffic signal operations	Existing
			Traffic data collection	Existing
Transit Services	Transit plays a vital role in providing mobility for many giving them access to work,	City of Hammond	transit operations	Existing
	healthcare and other socio-economic activities.	Public	Transit user	
		LADOTD	Motorist information system	
		Media	Motorist information	
		Public	End user of traveler information	
		Tourism and Traveler Information Service Providers	traveler information	

8.1 ITS DEPLOYMENT PLAN

There are existing ITS devices in the Northshore area which were once part of the New Orleans Regional ITS Architecture. New devices have been proposed and will be implemented in phases to address gaps in the existing ITS architecture. This section lists the projects that have been identified as part of the proposed Northshore Regional ITS Architecture.



operational concept November 1, 2016

Table 7: Proposed ITS Projects

Name	Description	Service Scope	Geographic Scope	Timeframe	Service Packages	De	sign (Cost		Сарі	ital (Cost			0&IV			Tot	tal C	ost
MAP (Slidell)	Motorist Assistance Patrol	Deploy Motorist Assistance Patrol vehicles and services	Motorist Services (e.g., change tires, fuel, first aid, etc) -Traffic incident management -TMC support	TBD	EM04 MC12	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			-	\$800,000
MAP (Hammond)	Motorist Assistance Patrol	Deploy Motorist Assistance Patrol vehicles and services	Motorist Services (e.g., change tires, fuel, first aid, etc) -Traffic incident management -TMC support	TBD	EM04 MC12	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			-	\$800,000
MAP (Mandeville- Covington)	Motorist Assistance Patrol	Deploy Motorist Assistance Patrol vehicles and services	Motorist Services (e.g., change tires, fuel, first aid, etc) -Traffic incident management -TMC support	TBD	EM04 MC12	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			-	\$800,000
Northshore TMC (District 62)	Retrofit office location for use as a temporary TMC location for the Northshore area until permanent location is built.	Traffic monitoring, incident detection and management, congestion mitigation, MAP dispatch, and support for first responders.	LADOTD District 62	TBD	ATMS01 ATMS03 ATMS06	\$ 5,500.00	-	\$	12,600.00	\$ 110,000.00	-	\$	180,000.00	\$ 16,500.00	-	\$ 45,000.	00	\$ 132,000.00	-	\$ 237,600.00
DMS	Provision of DMS to facilitate traveler information for incident management, emergencies and congestion mitigation.	Field installation of DMS, communications and integration.	I-12 EB (west of LA 1077) LA 443 (NB) US 190	TBD	ATMS06	\$ 52,500.00	-	\$	84,000.00	\$ 1,050,000.00	-	\$	1,200,000.00	\$ 157,500.00	-	\$ 300,000.0	00	\$ 1,260,000.00	-	\$ 1,584,000.00
CCTV (Pearl Bridge on I-10)	Provide CCTV to facilitate traffic monitoring for normal operations and during emergencies	The project is envisioned to include closed circuit television cameras with pan- tilt-zoom capability and communications and integration to TMC.	East Pearl Bridge Middle Pearl Bridge West Pearl Bridge	TBD	ATMS01 ATMS03	\$ 30,000.00	-	\$	84,000.00	\$ 600,000.00	-	\$	1,200,000.00	\$ 90,000.00	-	\$ 300,000.0	00	\$ 720,000.00	-	\$ 1,584,000.00
CCTV (I-12 Corridor)	Provide CCTV to facilitate traffic monitoring for normal operations and during emergencies	The project is envisioned to include closed circuit television cameras with pan- tilt-zoom capability and communications and integration to TMC.	LA 3158 West 1077 LA 1077 LA 21 LA 59 LA 434	TBD	ATMS01 ATMS03	\$ 45,000.00	-	\$	84,000.00	\$ 900,000.00	-	\$	1,200,000.00	\$ 135,000.00	-	\$ 300,000.0	00	\$ 1,080,000.00	-	\$ 1,584,000.00



Name	Description	Service Scope	Geographic Scope	Timeframe	Service Packages	De	sign C	Cost			Capit	tal Cos	t	(0&M			То	tal Co	ost
CCTV (I-55 Corridor)	Provide CCTV to facilitate traffic monitoring for normal operations and during emergencies	The project is envisioned to include closed circuit television cameras with pan- tilt-zoom capability and communications and integration to TMC.	US 51 LA 442 LA 40 LA 16 LA 1042 LA 440 LA 38 LA 1053	TBD	ATMS01 ATMS03	\$ 52,500.00	-	Ş	98,000.00	Ş	1,050,000.00	-	\$ 1,400,000.00	\$ 157,500.00	-	\$ 350,000.00	\$ 1,26	0,000.00	-	\$ 1,848,000.00
CCTV (US 190 Corridor)	Provide CCTV to facilitate traffic monitoring for normal operations and during emergencies	Installation of closed circuit television cameras with pan- tilt-zoom capability and communications and integration to TMC.	LA 63 LA 441 LA 43 LA 21 US 11	TBD	ATMS01 ATMS03	\$ 37,500.00	-	\$	70,000.00	\$	750,000.00	-	\$ 1,000,000.00	\$ 112,500.00	-	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 90	0,000.00	-	\$ 1,320,000.00
Signal upgrades detection and communication (High Priority Corridors)	Upgrade existing signalized intersections with communications to support incident management and emergency evacuation.	Where needed, upgrades may include support poles, cabinets, controllers, detection, wiring, indications, signage, pedestrian access ramps, push buttons, fiber optic communications and integration.	US 190 US 11 Gause Boulevard Fremaux Avenue	TBD	ATMS01 ATMS03	\$ 165,000.00	-	Ş	280,000.00	\$	3,300,000.00	-	\$ 4,000,000.00	\$ 495,000.00	-	\$ 1,000,000.00	\$ 3,96	0,000.00	-	\$ 5,280,000.00
Backbone Communications Upgrade and Integration (I- 55)	Deploy a new communications hub building, upgrade and integrate local communication	Construct a new hub building at I-12/I-55 interchange, upgrade communications along I-55 to fiber optics and integration into ITS fiber backbone	I-55 corridor	TBD	ATMS06	\$ 60,000.00	-	Ş	105,000.00	\$	1,200,000.00	-	\$ 1,500,000.00	\$ 180,000.00	-	\$ 375,000.00	\$ 1,44	0,000.00	-	\$ 1,980,000.00
Backbone Communications Upgrade and Integration (I- 59)	Deploy a new communications hub building, upgrade and integrate local communication	Construct a new hub building at I-10/I-59 interchange, upgrade communications along I-59 to fiber optics and integration into ITS fiber backbone	I-59 corridor	TBD	ATMS06	\$ 60,000.00	-	\$	105,000.00	\$	1,200,000.00	-	\$ 1,500,000.00	\$ 180,000.00	-	\$ 375,000.00	\$ 1,44	0,000.00	-	\$ 1,980,000.00



operational concept November 1, 2016

8.2 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE OF REGIONAL ITS

LADOTD ITS Section (Section 56) is responsible for providing statewide ITS equipment operations and maintenance (O&M) support for equipment on state and federal routes. DOTD Traffic Signals are maintained by the district office or by a municipality through an agreement. On other routes, the agency responsible for the ITS is the facility owner. Every regional ITS does not have dedicated funding source/structure for periodic maintenance of the system. As the transportation funding resources lag the demand, it is critical to understand the capital cost versus O&M cost balance over the life-cycle of any ITS. As the Northshore region prepares to expand and enhance existing ITS, it is critical to identify which agency will be responsible for a proposed ITS and what resources will be required for O&M of the system. The more ITS deployment there is in the region, the less money will be available for new ITS deployment in successive time periods.

In this document, subject O&M resource/responsibilities have been covered under two different sections: one defining agency O&M responsibilities and the other specifying O&M funding requirements. In **Table 6**: Operational Concept, maintenance responsibilities have been identified/assigned to a particular agency for each applicable service package. Although, such O&M arrangements may differ at a project level based on specific agencies involved, the operations and maintenance requirements section under each service package provides guidelines on which agency should assume the maintenance responsibilities for each ITS component.

As far as the long term funding is considered, there is currently no dedicated long term maintenance funding for any ITS in the region. LADOTD currently has a statewide maintenance budget of \$2 million, which serves for both routine and emergency maintenance. **Table 7** above not only identifies capital cost requirements for ITS but also provides O&M funding requirements for all of the planned ITS. For most systems, an estimated dollar figure is provided as the O&M cost; in the case where a dollar value is not provided, 10% of capital cost shall be assumed as the O&M cost per year.



Functional requirements November 1, 2016

9.0 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Each ITS system operated by the stakeholders must perform certain functions to effectively deliver the ITS services desired by the region. The primary functions that each system needs to perform are broadly defined in the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture. The high-level requirements are grouped into functional areas that identify requirements associated with each selected ITS service.

Due to the intricate detail of the functional requirements in Table 9, they have not been fully included within the written Regional ITS Architecture. However, the functional requirements are available by running a report from the Regional ITS Architecture Turbo Architecture source file which can be made available upon request to the LADOTD ITS Section. **Table 8** below shows a sample of the report output for the functional requirements. Detailed information can be obtained from Turbo Architecture file.

Element Name	Entity Name	Functional Area	Functional Area Description	Requirement	Status
Causeway ITS Field Elements	Roadway	Field Barrier System Control	Field elements that control barrier systems such as gates and other systems that manage entry to roadways, transportation facilities and infrastructure.	The field element shall activate barrier systems for transportation facilities and infrastructure under center control. Barrier systems include automated or remotely controlled gates, barriers and other systems that manage entry to roadways.	Existing
DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations	Emergency Management	Emergency Evacuation Support	Evacuation planning and coordination to manage evacuation and reentry of a population in the vicinity of a disaster or other emergency that poses a risk to public safety.	The center shall provide traveler information systems with evacuation guidance including basic information to assist potential evacuees in determining whether evacuation is necessary and when it is safe to return.	Existing
DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations	Emergency Management	Emergency Evacuation Support	Evacuation planning and coordination to manage evacuation and reentry of a population in the vicinity of a disaster or other emergency that poses a risk to public safety.	The center shall monitor the progress or status of the evacuation once it begins and exchange tactical plans, prepared during the incident, with allied agencies.	Existing

Table 8: Functional Requirements



Functional requirements November 1, 2016

Element Name	Entity Name	Functional Area	Functional Area Description	Requirement	Status
DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations	Emergency Management	Emergency Evacuation Support	Evacuation planning and coordination to manage evacuation and reentry of a population in the vicinity of a disaster or other emergency that poses a risk to public safety.	The center shall monitor the progress of the reentry process.	Existing
DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations	Emergency Management	Emergency Evacuation Support	Evacuation planning and coordination to manage evacuation and reentry of a population in the vicinity of a disaster or other emergency that poses a risk to public safety.	The center shall retrieve information from public health systems to plan for and implement evacuations or in- place sheltering for biological, chemical, radiation, and other public health emergencies.	Existing


standards November 1, 2016

10.0 STANDARDS

Standardizing the flow of information between the systems is essential to cost-effectively integrating ITS throughout the region. ITS standards are fundamental to the establishment of an open ITS environment that achieves the goal of interoperability for ITS. Standards facilitate deployment of interoperable systems at local, regional, and national levels without impeding innovation as technology advances and new approaches evolve.

Establishing standards for exchanging information among ITS systems is important not only from an interoperability point of view; it also provides interchangeability and expandability thereby reducing risk and cost. Since an agency using standardized interfaces can select among multiple vendors for products and applications, competition is maintained and prices are lower in the long term.

Standards Development Organizations (SDO) are developing ITS standards that support interoperability and interchangeability. Several of the communications standards overlap in applicability. This provides flexibility in the design of ITS systems allowing agencies to choose the most applicable standard for their needs. Before systems are designed, all stakeholders involved in the applicable ITS service(s) should decide upon the standards and their specifics that will be used. Once a decision is made, all future systems should use the agreed upon standards. **Table 9** provides a sample of the standards output. The complete standards identified for the Northshore ITS architecture can be obtained from the Turbo Architecture file.

SDO	Group Short Name	Group Name	Group Narrative	Included Standard Title	Included Standard Version
AASHTO/ITE/NEMA	NTCIP C2C	NTCIP Center-to- Center Standards Group	The National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) family of standards, created jointly by AASHTO, ITE and NEMA, addresses primarily the interfaces between a transportation management center, the ITS field devices it manages, and other centers. They provide both the rules for communicating (called protocols) and the vocabulary (called objects, data elements, and messages) necessary to exchange information between ITS systems.	Octet Encoding Rules (OER) Base Protocol	

Table 9: ITS Standards



standards November 1, 2016

SDO	Group Short Name	Group Name	Group Narrative	Included Standard Title	Included Standard Version
AASHTO/ITE/NEMA	NTCIP C2C	NTCIP Center-to- Center Standards Group	The National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) family of standards, created jointly by AASHTO, ITE and NEMA, addresses primarily the interfaces between a transportation management center, the ITS field devices it manages, and other centers. They provide both the rules for communicating (called protocols) and the vocabulary (called objects, data elements, and messages) necessary to exchange information between ITS systems. The NTCIP Center-to-Center (NTCIP C2C) Group of Standards addresses the communications protocols between two centers (e.g. two traffic management centers exchanging information to facilitate regional coordination of traffic signals). Some of the communication protocols covered by this family are DATEX-ASN, XML, and FIP. These protocols are common across all Center-to-Center interfaces in the National ITS Architecture, and rather than repeat the entire list for each architecture flow, we have created this summary entry – the NTCIP C2C Group of communications standards. The standards that describe the "vocabulary" (data elements and messages) are mapped to specific architecture flows rather than the entire set of NTCIP C2C interfaces. In the regional traffic Management Data Dictionary and Message Set for External TMC Communications (TMDD and MS/ETMCC) standard would be mapped to the specific flows between two Traffic Management Subsystems. In order to satisfy a wide spectrum of system and regional communications requirements, Center-to-Center ITS deployments should each implement the combinations of the following NTCIP C2C communications protocols that best meet their needs. This Group includes the following Standards Activities:	Center-to- Center Naming Convention Specification	



standards November 1, 2016

SDO	Group Short Name	Group Name	Group Narrative	Included Standard Title	Included Standard Version
AASHTO/ITE/NEMA	NTCIP C2C	NTCIP Center-to- Center Standards Group	The National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) family of standards, created jointly by AASHTO, ITE and NEMA, addresses primarily the interfaces between a transportation management center, the ITS field devices it manages, and other centers. They provide both the rules for communicating (called protocols) and the vocabulary (called objects, data elements, and messages) necessary to exchange information between ITS systems. The NTCIP Center-to-Center (NTCIP C2C) Group of Standards addresses the communications protocols between two centers (e.g. two traffic management centers exchanging information to facilitate regional coordination of traffic signals). Some of the communication protocols covered by this family are DATEX-ASN, XML, and FIP. These protocols are common across all Center-to-Center interfaces in the National ITS Architecture, and rather than repeat the entire list for each architecture flow, we have created this summary entry – the NTCIP C2C Group of communications standards. The standards that describe the "vocabulary" (data elements and messages) are mapped to specific architecture flows rather than the entire set of NTCIP C2C interfaces. In the regional traffic Management Data Dictionary and Message Set for External TMC Communications (TMDD and MS/ETMCC) standard would be mapped to the specific flows between two Traffic Management Subsystems. In order to satisfy a wide spectrum of system and regional communications requirements, Center-to-Center ITS deployments should each implement the combinations of the following NTCIP C2C communications protocols that best meet their needs. This Group includes the following Standards Activities:	Ethernet Subnetwork Profile	



standards November 1, 2016

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AASHTO/ITE/NEMA	NTCIP C2C	NTCIP Center-to- Center Standards Group	The National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) family of standards, created jointly by AASHTO, ITE and NEMA, addresses primarily the interfaces between a transportation management center, the ITS field devices it manages, and other centers. They provide both the rules for communicating (called protocols) and the vocabulary (called objects, data elements, and messages) necessary to exchange information between ITS systems. The NTCIP Center-to-Center (NTCIP C2C) Group of Standards addresses the communications protocols between two centers (e.g. two traffic management centers exchanging information to facilitate regional coordination of traffic signals). Some of the communication protocols covered by this family are DATEX-ASN, XML, and FIP. These protocols are common across all Center-to-Center interfaces in the National ITS Architecture, and rather than repeat the entire list for each architecture flow, we have created this summary entry – the NTCIP C2C Group of communications standards. The standards that describe the "vocabulary" (data elements and messages) are mapped to specific architecture flows rather than the entire set of NTCIP C2C interfaces. In the regional traffic Management Data Dictionary and Message Set for External TMC Communications (TMDD and MS/ETMCC) standard would be mapped to the specific flows between two Traffic Management Subsystems. In order to satisfy a wide spectrum of system and regional communications requirements, Center-to-Center ITS deployments should each implement the combinations of the following NTCIP C2C communications protocols that best meet their needs. This Group includes the following Standards Activities:	Internet (TCP/IP and UDP/IP) Transport Profile	



agreements November 1, 2016

11.0 AGREEMENTS

This section identifies the list of existing and future agreements between each of the stakeholder organizations who's ITS systems were or will be exchanging information generated prior to implementing relevant projects. This list identifies the agreements that should be established but does not define the agreements themselves.



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

12.0 ARCHITECTURE MAINTENANCE PLAN

This section discusses the proposed Maintenance Plan for the regional ITS Architecture. FHWA's Final Rule on ITS Architecture and Standards (23 CFR Part 940) requires development of an architecture maintenance plan. Paragraph 940.9 (f) states that:

"The agencies and other stakeholders participating in the development of the regional ITS architecture shall develop and implement procedures and responsibilities for maintaining it, as needs evolve within the region."

In January 2004, FHWA issued guidance for developing and maintaining regional ITS infrastructure (http://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/its_arch_imp/guidance.htm). The Maintenance Plan for the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture is based on the guidelines provided by FHWA's White Paper 1 on what should be contained in an architecture maintenance plan in order to be compliant with FHWA requirements. The White Paper on this subject is available at http://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/its_arch_imp/policy_1.htm. This section provides some background on the need for architecture maintenance and addresses key issues under the following headings:

- Why Maintain a Regional ITS Architecture?
- Who Will Maintain the Architecture?
- When will the Architecture be updated?
- What will be maintained?
- How will the Architecture be maintained?

12.1 WHY MAINTAIN A REGIONAL ITS ARCHITECTURE

As ITS projects are implemented, the regional ITS architecture will need to be updated to reflect new ITS priorities and strategies that emerge through the transportation planning process. It will also need to be updated to account for expansion in ITS scope and to allow for the evolution and incorporation of new ideas. The goal of the maintenance plan is to guide controlled updates to the regional ITS architecture baseline so that it continues to accurately reflect the region's existing ITS capabilities and future plans.

12.2 WHO WILL MAINTAIN THE ARCHITECTURE?

To maintain a consensus regional ITS architecture, ideally all stakeholders should participate in the process. In practice, typically, one or two agencies take the lead responsibility to maintain the regional ITS architecture. The primary requirements of the regional architecture maintainer are the mission/authority to perform such functions and the necessary skills to perform the same.



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

The mission of the ITS architecture maintainer most closely resembles a regional planning body that, consistent with its mission, has the authority to initiate, update, and document changes in regional planning documents. For the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture, the LADOTD will assume the role of the ITS Architecture keeper and maintainer as indicated in Section 3.4.

Like the regional transportation plans, architecture maintenance is recurring, and is a necessary long-term effort. To be effective in ITS architecture maintenance, LADOTD will need to have staff that:

- Is knowledgeable of the existing regional ITS architecture. This implies a detailed technical understanding of the various parts of the architecture and how changes would affect each part.
- Has an understanding of transportation systems in the region. This understanding can reside jointly in the group of agencies/ stakeholders who participate in the maintenance process.
- Has an understanding of the tools used to create (and to update) the architecture. This might include, for example, knowledge of the Turbo Architecture[™] tool, if that is used to hold some of the architecture information.

As the agency responsible for maintaining the architecture, the LADOTD needs to have the skills within its own organization and/or use a qualified consultant. In either case, the agency needs the necessary funding to support the maintenance effort. The following are the recommended minimum resources for ITS architecture maintenance management:

- One individual to be the ITS architecture manager
- Two individuals trained in Turbo Architecture[™] and ITS Planning (Considering this is a new functional/skill area, the training will need to be comprehensive and will require resources: three work days for Turbo[™] training and four weeks to study regional and national architecture documents)
- Approximately sixteen man-hours per month for ITS architecture maintenance activities. This may be performed by the manager or designee.
- Manage the update of the Regional ITS Architecture Turbo Architecture™ source file with project level ITS architectures
- A qualified consultant to assist with the ITS architecture maintenance activities. (LADOTD has on a retainer contract a professional engineering consulting firm to provide ITS, TIM Program, TMC Operations Staffing and Systems Engineering Support)



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

Although LADOTD will lead the architecture maintenance activities, like all other regional planning activities, ITS architecture maintenance will take close coordination between several agencies. LADOTD will need to coordinate with other major stakeholders* in the region, including:

- Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) District 62
- LADOTD ITS Section
- Louisiana State Police (Troop L)
- New Orleans Regional Planning Commission

*Note – Other stakeholders may be included as necessary based on ITS development and deployment activities.

As LADOTD takes responsibility for architecture maintenance, they will use agreements to create a management/oversight function to oversee regional ITS architecture maintenance work, which would have representation from the key stakeholders to the agreement as listed above. At minimum, such a committee will include two LADOTD representatives, one MPO representative, and one FHWA representative.

Following this architecture adoption by the MPO, it is recommended that the Regional ITS Architecture items below be frequently reviewed (e.g. annually):

- Review progress in ITS implementation projects
- Verify that the regional ITS architecture Turbo Architecture™ source file is kept up to date with the region's ITS projects
- Update plans for future deployments by each regional stakeholder
- Review changes in State and National ITS Architectures, regulations, and requirements, if any
- Determine any needs for an update to the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture

12.3 WHEN WILL THE ARCHITECTURE BE UPDATED?

The regional ITS architecture is not static. It must change as plans change, as ITS projects are implemented, and as the ITS needs and services evolve in the region.

At a minimum, the regional ITS architecture should be reviewed annually and architecture updates performed frequently to keep with the pace of the region's ITS implementation. Annual or more frequent updates will include integrating completed projects into the regional ITS



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

architecture Turbo Architecture[™] source file. A one page summary of the change will be added as an appendix to the regional ITS architecture document.

Regardless of the frequency selected for periodic updates, it is recommended that DOTD may recognize the potential need for "Exception Maintenance" to occur in the event of major project implementations, major revisions to the National ITS Architecture, or to meet the requirements of future regulations.

It is recommended that the regional ITS architecture is fully updated every five years, prior to the periodic updating of the Regional Transportation Improvement Program, which occurs once a year.

Upon recommendation of the DOTD, the MPO Technical Advisory Committee will make a resolution to accept any revisions/changes/updates to the ITS architecture.

The following list includes many of the events that may cause change to a regional ITS architecture:

12.4 CHANGES IN REGIONAL NEEDS

Regional ITS architectures are created to support transportation planning in addressing regional needs. Over time these needs can change and the corresponding aspects of the regional ITS architecture that addresses these needs may need to be updated. These changes in needs should be expressed in updates to planning documents such as the Regional Transportation Plan.

12.4.1 New Stakeholders

Regional ITS architectures are created to support transportation planning in addressing regional needs. Over time these needs can change and new stakeholders will be introduced. The corresponding aspects of the regional ITS architecture that addresses these needs may need to be updated. These changes in needs should be expressed in updates to planning documents such as the Regional Transportation Plan.

12.4.2 Changes in Scope of Service Considered

The range of services considered by the regional ITS architecture expands. This might happen because the National ITS Architecture has been expanded and updated to include new user services or to better define how existing elements satisfy the user services. The National ITS Architecture may have expanded to include a user service that has been discussed in a region, but not in the regional ITS architecture, or was included in only a very cursory manner. Changes in the National ITS Architecture are not of themselves a reason to update a regional ITS architecture, but a region may want to consider any new services in the context of their regional needs.



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

12.4.3 Changes in Stakeholder of Element Names

An agency's name or the name used to describe their element(s) undergoes change. Transportation agencies occasionally merge, split, or are just renamed. In addition, element names may evolve as projects are defined. The regional ITS architecture should be updated to use the current, correct names for both stakeholders and elements.

12.4.4 Changes in Other Architectures

A regional ITS architecture covers not only elements and interfaces within a region, but also interfaces to elements in adjoining regions. Changes in the regional ITS architecture in one region may necessitate changes in the architecture in an adjoining region to maintain consistency between the two. Architectures may also overlap (e.g. a statewide ITS architecture and a regional ITS architecture for a region within the state) and a change in one might necessitate a change in the other.

12.4.5 Changes due to Project Definitions or Implementation

There are several changes relating to project definition that will cause the need for updates to the regional ITS architecture. When defined or implemented, a project may add, subtract or modify elements, interfaces, or information flows from the regional ITS architecture. Because the regional ITS architecture is meant to describe the current, as well as future, regional implementation of ITS, it must be updated to cor rectly reflect how the developed projects integrate into the region.

12.4.6 Changes due to Project Addition/Deletion

Occasionally a project will be added or deleted through the planning process, or through project delivery, and some aspects of the regional ITS architecture that are associated with the project may be expanded, changed, or removed.

12.4.7 Changes in Project Priority

Due to funding constraints, or other considerations, the planned project sequencing may change. Delaying a project may have a ripple effect on other projects that depend on it. Raising the priority for a project's implementation may impact other projects that are related to it.

12.4.8 What Will be Maintained?

Those constituent parts of a regional ITS architecture that will be maintained is referred to as the "baseline." This section considers the different "parts" of the regional ITS architecture and whether they should be a part of the baseline. Baseline parts are annually updated within the



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

regional ITS architecture Turbo file and every five years within the document. The parts discussed are:

- Description of Region
- List of Stakeholders
- Operational Concepts
- List of ITS Elements
- List of Agreements
- Interfaces between Elements
- System Functional Requirements
- Applicable ITS Standards
- Project Sequencing

One of the benefits of a regional ITS architecture is to enable the efficient exchange of information between ITS elements in a region and with elements outside the region. Efficiency refers to the economical deployment of ITS elements and their interfaces. The result of these ITS deployments should be contributions to the safe and efficient operation of the surface transportation network. Each of the components in the regional ITS architecture below have a role in this economy and an appropriate effort should be levied to maintain them.

12.4.9 Description of Region

This description includes the geographic scope, functional scope, and architecture timeframe, and helps frame each of the following parts of a regional ITS architecture. Geographic scope defines the ITS elements that are "in" the region, although additional ITS elements outside the region may be need to be described if they communicate ITS information to elements inside the region. Functional scope defines which services are included in a regional ITS architecture. Architecture timeframe is the distance (in years) into the future that the regional ITS architecture will consider. The description of the region is usually contained in an architecture document, but may reside in a database containing aspects of the regional ITS architecture, and should certainly be a part of the baseline.

12.4.10 List of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are of great importance to the definition of the architecture. Within a region, they may consolidate or separate and such changes should be reflected in the architecture. Furthermore, stakeholders that have not been engaged in the past may be approached



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

through outreach to be sure that the regional ITS architecture represents their ITS requirements as well. The stakeholders should be described in architecture documentation (and may also reside in a database representing aspects of the regional ITS architecture). Their listing and description should be part of the baseline.

12.4.11 Operational Concepts

It is crucial that the operational concepts represented as roles and responsibilities or as customized service packages in a regional ITS architecture accurately represent the consensus vision of how the stakeholders want their ITS to operate for the benefit of surface transportation users. These should be reviewed and, if necessary, changed to represent both what has been deployed (which may have been shown as "planned" in the earlier version of the regional ITS architecture) and the current consensus view of the stakeholders. Many of the remaining maintenance efforts will depend on the outcome of the changes made here. The operational concept will reside in the architecture documentation and possibly in a diagramming tool if a customized service package approach is used, and should be part of the baseline.

12.4.12 List of ITS Elements

The inventory of ITS elements is a key aspect of the regional ITS architecture. Changes in stakeholders as well as operational concepts may impact the inventory of ITS elements. Furthermore, recent implementation of ITS elements may change their individual status (e.g. from planned to existing). The list of elements is often contained in architecture documentation and is key information in any architecture database. It is a key aspect of the baseline.

12.4.13 List of Agreements

One of the greatest values of a regional ITS architecture is to identify where information will cross an agency boundary, which may indicate a need for an agency agreement. An update to the list of agreements can follow the update to the Operational Concept and/or interfaces between elements. The list of agreements will usually be found in the architecture documentation. This listing should be a part of the baseline.

12.4.14 Interfaces between Elements

Interfaces between elements define the "details" of the architecture. They are the detailed description of how the various ITSs are or will be integrated throughout the timeframe of the architecture. These details are usually held in an architecture database. They are a key aspect of the architecture baseline and one that will likely see the greatest amount of change during the maintenance process.



architecture maintenance plan November 1, 2016

12.4.15 System Functional Requirements

High-level functions are allocated to ITS elements as part of the regional ITS architecture. These can serve as a starting point for the functional definition of projects that map to portions of the regional ITS architecture. Usually this information is held in spreadsheets or databases, but may be included in the architecture document. They are a part of the baseline.

12.4.16 Applicable ITS Standards

The selection of standards depends on the information exchange requirements. But in addition, the maintenance process should consider how ITS standards may have evolved and matured since the last update and consider how any change in the "standards environment" may impact previous regional standards choices (especially where competing standards exist). For example, if Extensive Markup Language (XML) based Center-To-Center standards reach a high level of maturity, reliability, and cost-effectiveness, then a regional standards technology decision may be made to transition from investments in other standards technologies (e.g. Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) to XML). The description of the standards environment for the region, as well as the details of which standards apply to the architecture, should be part of the baseline.

12.4.17 Project Sequencing

While project sequencing is partly determined by functional dependencies (e.g. "surveillance" must be a precursor to "traffic management"), the reality is that most project sequences are local policy decisions. Project sequences should be reviewed to make sure that they are in line with current policy decisions. Furthermore, policy makers should be informed of the sequences and their input should be sought to make the project sequences coincide with their expectations. This is crucial to eliminate the possibility of the regional ITS architecture becoming irrelevant. The project sequencing should be included in the architecture documentation and may also be held in a spreadsheet or database. These should be part of the architecture baseline.

12.4.18 How Will the Architecture be Maintained?

LADOTD ITS Section (Section 56) will oversee and ensure that the regional architecture is maintained. LADOTD will utilize its contracted consulting services contract for ITS Traffic Incident Management (TIM) Program, TMC Operations Staffing and Systems Engineering Support for this effort. The guidelines contained within FHWA's Regional ITS Architecture Maintenance White Paper will be helpful in guiding the maintenance effort. In addition to detailing the recommended maintenance process, the White Paper also contains examples of Maintenance Plans developed by a range of agencies and regions throughout the country.



Appendix A architecture flow definitions November 1, 2016

Appendix A ARCHITECTURE FLOW DEFINITIONS

Flow Name	Flow Description
alert notification	Notification of a major emergency such as a natural or man-made disaster, civil emergency, or child abduction for distribution to the public. The flow identifies the alert originator, the nature of the emergency, the geographic area affected by the emergency, the effective time period, and information and instructions necessary for the public to respond to the alert. This flow may also identify specific information that should not be released to the public.
alert notification coordination	Coordination of emergency alerts to be distributed to the public. This includes notification of a major emergency such as a natural or man-made disaster, civil emergency, or child abduction for distribution to the public and status of the public notification.
alert status	Information indicating the current status of the emergency alert including identification of the traveler and driver information systems that are being used to provide the alert.
archive coordination	Catalog data, meta data, published data, and other information exchanged between archives to support data synchronization and satisfy user data requests.
archive requests	A request to a data source for information on available data (i.e. "catalog") or a request that defines the data to be archived. The request can be a general subscription intended to initiate a continuous or regular data stream or a specific request intended to initiate a one-time response from the recipient.
archive status	Notification that data provided to an archive contains erroneous, missing, or suspicious data or verification that the data provided appears valid. If an error has been detected, the offending data and the nature of the potential problem are identified.
archived data product requests	A user-specified request for archived data products (i.e. data, meta data, or data catalogs). The request also includes information that is used to identify and authenticate the user and support electronic payment requirements, if any.
archived data products	Raw or processed data, meta data, data catalogs and other data products provided to a user system upon request. The response may also include any associated transaction information.
broadcast traveler information	General traveler information that contains traffic and road conditions, link travel times, incidents, advisories, restrictions, transit service information, weather information, parking information, and other related traveler information.
commercial vehicle archive data	Information describing commercial vehicle travel and commodity flow characteristics. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
commercial vehicle breach	Information about a breach or tamper event on a Commercial Vehicle or its attached freight equipment which includes identity, type of breach, location, and time.



Flow Name	Flow Description
current asset restrictions	Restrictions levied on transportation asset usage based on infrastructure design, surveys, tests, or analyses. This includes standard facility design height, width, and weight restrictions, special restrictions such as spring weight restrictions, and temporary facility restrictions that are imposed during maintenance and construction.
data collection and monitoring control	Information used to configure and control data collection and monitoring systems.
device control request	Request for device control action
device data	Data from detectors, environmental sensor stations, and traffic control devices including device inventory information.
device status	Status information from devices
electronic lock data	Notification to roadside (via transponder) of the presence and status of electronic cargo locks.
electronic screening request	Request for identification data to support electronic screening.
emergency archive data	Logged emergency information including information that characterizes identified incidents (routine highway incidents through disasters), corresponding incident response information, evacuation information, surveillance data, threat data, and resource information. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
emergency plan coordination	Information that supports coordination of emergency management plans, continuity of operations plans, emergency response and recovery plans, evacuation plans, and other emergency plans between agencies. This includes general plans that are coordinated prior to an incident and shorter duration tactical plans that are prepared during an incident.
emergency route request	Request for access routes for emergency response vehicles and equipment. This may be a request for ingress or egress routes or other emergency routes.
emergency routes	Suggested ingress and egress routes for access to and between the scene and staging areas or other specialized emergency access routes.
emergency traffic control information	Status of a special traffic control strategy or system activation implemented in response to an emergency traffic control request, a request for emergency access routes, a request for evacuation, a request to activate closure systems, a request to employ driver information systems to support public safety objectives, or other special requests. Identifies the selected traffic control strategy and system control status.



Flow Name	Flow Description
emergency traffic control request	Special request to preempt the current traffic control strategy in effect at one or more signalized intersections or highway segments, activate traffic control and closure systems such as gates and barriers, activate safeguard systems, or use driver information systems. For example, this flow can request all signals to red-flash, request a progression of traffic control preemptions along an emergency vehicle route, request a specific evacuation traffic control plan, request activation of a road closure barrier system, or place a public safety or emergency-related message on a dynamic message sign.
emergency traffic coordination	Coordination supporting disaster response including evacuation and reentry. Includes coordination of special traffic control strategies that support efficient evacuation and reentry while protecting and optimizing movement of response vehicles and other resources responding to the emergency.
emergency transit schedule information	Information on transit schedule and service changes that adapt the service to better meet needs of responders and the general public in an emergency situation, including special service schedules supporting evacuation.
emergency transit service request	Request to modify transit service and fare schedules to address emergencies, including requests for transit services to evacuate people from and/or deploy response agency personnel to an emergency scene. The request may poll for resource availability or request pre-staging, staging, or immediate dispatch of transit resources.
emergency traveler information	Public notification of an emergency such as a natural or man-made disaster, civil emergency, or child abduction. This flow also includes evacuation information including evacuation instructions, evacuation zones, recommended evacuation times, tailored evacuation routes and destinations, traffic and road conditions along the evacuation routes, traveler services and shelter information, and reentry times and instructions.
emergency traveler information request	Request for alerts, evacuation information, and other emergency information provided to the traveling public.
emissions archive data	Air quality and vehicle emissions information that is collected by sensors or derived from models. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
environmental probe data	Data from vehicle safety and convenience systems that can be used to estimate environmental conditions, including measured air temperature, exterior light status, wiper status, sun sensor status, rain sensor status, traction control status, anti-lock brake status, and other collected vehicle system status and sensor information. The collected data is reported along with the location, heading, and time that the data was collected. Both current data and snapshots of recent events (e.g., traction control or anti-lock brake system activations) may be reported.
environmental sensor data	Current road conditions (e.g., surface temperature, subsurface temperature, moisture, icing, treatment status) and surface weather conditions (e.g., air temperature, wind speed, precipitation, visibility) as measured and reported by fixed and/or mobile environmental sensors. Operational status of the sensors is also included.



Flow Name	Flow Description
environmental sensors control	Data used to configure and control environmental sensors.
equipment maintenance status	Current status of field equipment maintenance actions.
evacuation coordination	Coordination of information regarding a pending or in-process evacuation. Includes evacuation zones, evacuation times, evacuation routes, forecast network conditions, and reentry times.
evacuation information	Evacuation instructions and information including evacuation zones, evacuation times, and reentry times.
fare and price information	Current transit, parking, and toll fee schedule information.
field device status	Reports from field equipment (sensors, signals, signs, controllers, etc.) which indicate current operational status.
field equipment status	Identification of field equipment requiring repair and known information about the associated faults.
hazmat spill notification	Information provided to emergency response organizations when cargo sensors detect a release of hazardous material. This information will include sensor information, vehicle location and identification, and carrier identification.
hri control data	Data required for HRI information transmitted at railroad grade crossings and within railroad operations.
hri status	Status of the highway-rail intersection equipment including both the current state or mode of operation and the current equipment condition.
incident command information coordination	Information that supports local management of an incident. It includes resource deployment status, hazardous material information, traffic, road, and weather conditions, evacuation advice, and other information that enables emergency or maintenance personnel in the field to implement an effective, safe incident response.
incident information	Notification of existence of incident and expected severity, location, time and nature of incident. As additional information is gathered and the incident evolves, updated incident information is provided. Incidents include any event that impacts transportation system operation ranging from routine incidents (e.g., disabled vehicle at the side of the road) through large-scale natural or human-caused disasters that involve loss of life, injuries, extensive property damage, and multi-jurisdictional response. This also includes special events, closures, and other planned events that may impact the transportation system.
incident report	Report of an identified incident including incident location, type, severity and other information necessary to initiate an appropriate incident response.



Flow Name	Flow Description
incident response coordination	Incident response procedures and current incident response status that are shared between allied response agencies to support a coordinated response to incidents. This flow provides current situation information, including a summary of incident status and its impact on the transportation system and other infrastructure, and current and planned response activities. This flow also coordinates a positive hand off of responsibility for all or part of an incident response between agencies.
incident response status	Status of the current incident response including a summary of incident status and its impact on the transportation system, traffic management strategies implemented at the site (e.g., closures, diversions, traffic signal control overrides), and current and planned response activities.
interactive traveler information	Traveler information provided in response to a traveler request. The provided information includes traffic and road conditions, advisories, incidents, payment information, transit services, parking information, weather information, and other travel-related data updates and confirmations.
intersection blockage notification	Notification that a highway-rail intersection is obstructed and supporting information.
logged vehicle routes	Anticipated route information for guided vehicles, special vehicles (e.g., oversize vehicles) or groups of vehicles (e.g., governor's motorcade) that may require changes in traffic control strategy.
maint and constr archive data	Information describing road construction and maintenance activities identifying the type of activity, the work performed, and work zone information including work zone configuration and safety (e.g., a record of intrusions and vehicle speeds) information. For construction activities, this information also includes a description of the completed infrastructure, including as-built plans as applicable. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
maint and constr resource coordination	Request for road maintenance and construction resources that can be used in the diversion of traffic (cones, portable signs), clearance of a road hazard, repair of ancillary damage, or any other incident response.
maint and constr resource request	Request for road maintenance and construction resources that can be used in the diversion of traffic (cones, portable signs), clearance of a road hazard, repair of ancillary damage, or any other incident response. The request may poll for resource availability or request pre-staging, staging, or immediate dispatch of resources.
maint and constr resource response	Current status of maintenance and construction resources including availability and deployment status. General resource inventory information covering vehicles, equipment, materials, and people and specific resource deployment status may be included.
maint and constr work plans	Future construction and maintenance work schedules and activities including anticipated closures with anticipated impact to the roadway, alternate routes, anticipated delays, closure times, and durations.



Flow Name	Flow Description
multimodal information	Schedule information for alternate mode transportation providers such as train, ferry, air and bus.
parking information	General parking information and status, including current parking availability.
pass/pull-in	Command to commercial vehicle to pull into or bypass inspection station.
remote surveillance control	The control commands used to remotely operate another center's sensors or surveillance equipment so that roadside surveillance assets can be shared by more than one agency.
request tag data	Request for tag information including credit identity, stored value card cash, etc.
request transit information	Request for transit service information and current transit status.
resource coordination	Coordination of resource inventory information, specific resource status information, resource prioritization and reallocation between jurisdictions, and specific requests for resources and responses that service those requests.
resource deployment status	Status of resource deployment identifying the resources (vehicles, equipment, materials, and personnel) available and their current status. General resource inventory information and specific status of deployed resources may be included.
resource request	A request for resources to implement special traffic control measures, assist in clean up, verify an incident, etc. The request may poll for resource availability or request pre-staging, staging, or immediate deployment of resources. Resources may be explicitly requested or a service may be requested and the specific resource deployment may be determined by the responding agency.
road closure notification	Notification that agency personnel have closed a road due to adverse weather, major incident, or other reason.
road network conditions	Current and forecasted traffic information, road and weather conditions, and other road network status. Either raw data, processed data, or some combination of both may be provided by this architecture flow. Information on diversions and alternate routes, closures, and special traffic restrictions (lane/shoulder use, weight restrictions, width restrictions, HOV requirements) in effect is included along with a definition of the links, nodes, and routes that make up the road network.
road network environmental probe data	Aggregated vehicle probe information that can be used to estimate current environmental conditions. Collected information would include measured air temperature, exterior light status, wiper status, sun sensor status, rain sensor status, traction control status, ALB status, and other collected vehicle system status and sensor information.
road network status assessment	Assessment of damage sustained by the road network including location and extent of the damage, estimate of remaining capacity, required closures, alternate routes, necessary restrictions, and time frame for repair and recovery.



Flow Name	Flow Description
road network traffic probe data	Aggregated route usage, travel times, and other aggregated data collected from probe vehicles that can be used to estimate current traffic conditions.
road weather information	Road conditions and weather information that are made available by road maintenance operations to other transportation system operators.
roadside archive data	A broad set of data derived from roadside sensors that includes current traffic conditions, environmental conditions, and any other data that can be directly collected by roadside sensors. This data also indicates the status of the sensors and reports of any identified sensor faults.
roadway equipment coordination	The direct flow of information between field equipment. This includes transfer of information between sensors and driver information systems (e.g., DMS, HAR, variable speed limit signs, dynamic lane signs) or control devices (e.g., traffic signals, ramp meters), direct coordination between adjacent control devices, interfaces between detection and warning or alarm systems, and any other direct communications between field equipment.
roadway information system data	Information used to initialize, configure, and control roadside systems that provide driver information (e.g., dynamic message signs, highway advisory radio, beacon systems). This flow can provide message content and delivery attributes, local message store maintenance requests, control mode commands, status queries, and all other commands and associated parameters that support remote management of these systems.
roadway information system status	Current operating status of dynamic message signs, highway advisory radios, beacon systems, or other configurable field equipment that provides dynamic information to the driver.
roadway maintenance status	Summary of maintenance fleet operations affecting the road network. This includes the status of winter maintenance (snow plow schedule and current status).
safety inspection record	Record containing results of commercial vehicle safety inspection.
safety inspection request	Request for safety inspection record.
screening event record	Results of CVO electronic screening activity.
security equipment maintenance status	Current status of security surveillance and sensor field equipment maintenance actions.
security field equipment status	Identification of security sensors and surveillance equipment requiring repair and known information about the associated faults.
short range communications status	Status of the short range communications equipment including the current state or mode of operation and the current equipment status.



Flow Name	Flow Description
signal control commands	Control of traffic signal controllers or field masters including clock synchronization.
signal control data	Information used to configure local traffic signal controllers.
signal control device configuration	Data used to configure traffic signal control equipment including local controllers and system masters.
signal control plans	Traffic signal timing parameters including minimum green time and interval durations for basic operation and cycle length, splits, offset, phase sequence, etc. for coordinated systems.
signal control status	Operational and status data of traffic signal control equipment including operating condition and current indications.
signal fault data	Faults from traffic signal control equipment.
signal system configuration	Data used to configure traffic signal systems including configuring control sections and mode of operation (time based or traffic responsive).
tag data	Unique tag ID and related vehicle information.
threat information coordination	Sensor, surveillance, and threat data including raw and processed data that is collected by sensor and surveillance equipment located in secure areas.
traffic archive data	Information describing the use and vehicle composition on transportation facilities and the traffic control strategies employed. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
traffic control priority request	Request for signal priority at one or more intersections along a particular route.
traffic flow	Raw and/or processed traffic detector data which allows derivation of traffic flow variables (e.g., speed, volume, and density measures) and associated information (e.g., congestion, potential incidents). This flow includes the traffic data and the operational status of the traffic detectors.
traffic images	High fidelity, real-time traffic images suitable for surveillance monitoring by the operator or for use in machine vision applications.
traffic metering control	Control commands and operating parameters for ramp meters, interchange meters, mainline meters, and other systems equipment associated with roadway metering operations.
traffic metering status	Current operational status and operating parameters for ramp meters, interchange meters, mainline meters and other control equipment associated with roadway metering operations.



Flow Name	Flow Description
traffic operator data	Presentation of traffic operations data to the operator including traffic conditions, current operating status of field equipment, maintenance activity status, incident status, video images, security alerts, emergency response plan updates and other information. This data keeps the operator appraised of current road network status, provides feedback to the operator as traffic control actions are implemented, provides transportation security inputs, and supports review of historical data and preparation for future traffic operations activities.
traffic probe data	Vehicle data that is used to determine traffic conditions. In a basic implementation, the data could be limited to time stamped unique identifiers that can be used to measure a vehicle's progress through the network. In more advanced implementations, the vehicle may report current position, speed, and heading and snapshots of recent events including route information, starts and stops, speed changes, and other information that can be used to estimate traffic conditions.
traffic sensor control	Information used to configure and control traffic sensor systems.
transit and fare schedules	Transit service information including routes, schedules, and fare information.
transit archive data	Data used to describe and monitor transit demand, fares, operations, and system performance. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
transit incident information	Information on transit incidents that impact transit services for public dissemination.
transit information request	Request for transit operations information including schedule and fare information. The request can be a subscription that initiates as-needed information updates as well as a one-time request for information.
transit request confirmation	Confirmation of a request for transit information or service.
transit service information	Transit service information including routes, schedules, and fare information as well as dynamic transit schedule adherence and transit vehicle location information.
transportation information for operations	Information on the state of transportation system operations including traffic and road conditions, advisories, incidents, transit service information, weather information, parking information, and other related data.
transportation system status	Current status and condition of transportation infrastructure (e.g., tunnels, bridges, interchanges, TMC offices, maintenance facilities). In case of disaster or major incident, this flow provides an assessment of damage sustained by the surface transportation system including location and extent of the damage, estimate of remaining capacity and necessary restrictions, and time frame for repair and recovery.
travel services information	Travel service information and reservations for tourist attractions, lodging, dining, service stations, emergency services, and other services and businesses of interest to the traveler.



Flow Name	Flow Description
travel services request	Request for travel service information including tourist attractions, lodging, restaurants, service stations, and emergency services. The request identifies the type of service, the area of interest, optional reservation request information, parameters that are used to prioritize or filter the returned information, and sorting preferences.
traveler alerts	Traveler information alerts reporting congestion, incidents, adverse road or weather conditions, parking availability, transit service delays or interruptions, and other information that may impact the traveler. Relevant alerts are provided based on traveler-supplied profile information including trip characteristics and preferences.
traveler archive data	Data associated with traveler information services including service requests, facility usage, rideshare, routing, and traveler payment transaction data. Content may include a catalog of available information, the actual information to be archived, and associated meta data that describes the archived information.
traveler profile	Information about a traveler including equipment capabilities, personal preferences, and traveler alert subscriptions.
traveler request	A request for traveler information including traffic, transit, toll, parking, road weather conditions, event, and passenger rail information. The request identifies the type of information, the area of interest, parameters that are used to prioritize or filter the returned information, and sorting preferences.
trip confirmation	Acknowledgement by the driver/traveler of acceptance of a trip plan with associated personal and payment information required to confirm reservations.
trip plan	A travel itinerary identifying a route and associated traveler information and instructions identifying recommended modes and transfer information, ride sharing options, and transit and parking reservation information.
trip request	Request for trip planning services that identifies the trip origin, destination(s), timing, preferences, and constraints. The request may also include a request for transit and parking reservations and ridesharing options associated with the trip.
vehicle signage data	In-vehicle signing data that augments regulatory, warning, and informational road signs and signals. The information provided would include static sign information (e.g., stop, curve warning, guide signs, service signs, and directional signs) and dynamic information (e.g., current signal states, grade crossing information, local traffic and road conditions, advisories, and detours).
video surveillance control	Information used to configure and control video surveillance systems.
work plan coordination	Coordination of work plan schedules and activities between maintenance and construction organizations or systems. This information includes the work plan schedules and comments and suggested changes that are exchanged as work plans are coordinated and finalized.



Flow Name	Flow Description
work plan feedback	Comments and suggested changes to proposed construction and maintenance work schedules and activities. This information influences work plan schedules so that they minimize impact to other system operations and the overall transportation system.
work zone information	Summary of maintenance and construction work zone activities affecting the road network including the nature of the maintenance or construction activity, location, impact to the roadway, expected time(s) and duration of impact, anticipated delays, alternate routes, and suggested speed limits. This information may be augmented with images that provide a visual indication of current work zone status and traffic impacts.
work zone warning device control	Data used to configure and control work zone safety monitoring and warning devices.
work zone warning status	Status of a work zone safety monitoring and warning devices. This flow documents system activations and includes additional supporting information (e.g., an image) that allows verification of the alarm.



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016

Appendix B ITS ARCHTECTURE FLOW CONTEXT DIAGRAMS



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 1: Causeway ITS Field Elements Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



Existing

App Figure 2: Causeway Police Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 3: Causeway Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram



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Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016

Louisiana State Police (Troop L) LSP Troop L		Parish Governm Emergency Managemen
commercial vehicle breach- electronic lock data hazmat spill notification tag data electronic screening request pass/pull-in request tag data safety inspection request safety inspection record		ion
Parish Government Emergency 911	CVO	Local/Regional Public Sa HAZMAT Mobil Re
hazmat spill notification	hazmat spill notification	

Existing

App Figure 4: CVO Flow Context Diagram



ment nt Department

afety Agencies esponse

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 5: DOTD CCTV Flow Context Diagram

Stantec

OTD	
ore TMC	

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



Planned

App Figure 6: DOTD District 02 Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016

LADOTD DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System	
roadway equipment coordination	
LADOTD	LADOTD
DOTD ITS Field Equipment	DOTD District 02 Traffic Signal Sys
roadway equipment coordination	
Existing	

App Figure 7: DOTD District 02 Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram





Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 8: DOTD District 61 Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 9: DOTD District 61 Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 10: DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram





Local Emergency Operations Centers
Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 11: DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations Archive Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 12: DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



Planned

App Figure 13: DOTD DMS Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016

GNOEC Causeway ITS Field Elements		LADOTD Northshore TMC
LADOTD DOTD District 02 Traffic Signal System	LADOTD DOTD ITS Field Equipment	LADOTD DOTD District 62 Traffic Operations
RR at Grade Crossing Controller		
LADOTD DOTD ITS Section	Planned	

App Figure 14: DOTD ITS Field Equipment Flow Context Diagram

LADOTD DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System







App Figure 15: DOTD ITS Section Flow Context Diagram









Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016





App Figure 17: DOTD Social Media Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 18: DOTD Statewide TMC Interconnect Context Diagram





L	ocal/Regional Public Safety Agencies					
L	Local Emergency Operations Centers					

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 19: DPW Flow Context Diagram





App Figure 20: Emergency 911 Flow Context Diagram









LADOTD	
DOTD Statewide TMC	
DOTD ITS Section	
Local Emergency Medical	
Local Emergency Medical Servio	ce
` ↑ ↑]
1	
Local/Regional Public Safety Ager	ncies
Parish Sheriffs Office	



App Figure 22: HAZMAT Mobile Response Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 23: Local Emergency Medical Services Flow Context Diagram



Parish Government Emergency Management Department

City of Hammond

Police Departments

Parish Government Parish Fire Department



App Figure 24: Local Emergency Operations Center Flow Context Diagram





App Figure 25:Local Print and Broadcast Channels Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 26: Louisiana 511/Website Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 27: LSP Troop L Interconnect Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 28: NORPC Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 29: Northshore TMC Interconnect Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 30: Parish Fire Department Flow Context Diagram



ernment	
cy 911	

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 31: Parish ITS Field Equipment Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 32: Parish Sherriff's Office Flow Context Diagram



Private Traveler Information Service Providers

Local Emergency Operations Centers

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 33: Parish Traffic Operations Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 34: Parish Traffic Signal System Flow Context Diagram





App Figure 35: Parish Devices Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 36: Police Department Flow Context Diagram



Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016







Media Local Print and Broadcast Channels

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016

Parish Government	LADOTD
Parish Traffic Signal System	DOTD ITS Field Equipme
roadway equipment coordination	roadway equipment coordination
LADOTD	
DOTD District 62 Traffic Signal System	RR at Grade Crossing Cont
roadway equipment coordination	
Planned	

App Figure 38: RR at Grade Crossing Controller Flow Context Diagram





troller

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 39: Transit Flow Context Diagram



Planned

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016

archive requests archived data products archived data product requests transit archive data	ŀ
rarchived data product requests	
NORPC Transit Data Archive	
archive requests archive status emissions archive data	

App Figure 40: Transit Data Flow Context Diagram



Parish Government Parish Traffic Operations

Appendix B ITS Archtecture flow context diagrams November 1, 2016



App Figure 41: Transit Information Center Flow Context Diagram



Appendix C tmc recommended devices November 1, 2016

Appendix C TMC RECOMMENDED DEVICES





Appendix D deployment plan schematics November 1, 2016

Appendix D DEPLOYMENT PLAN SCHEMATICS



Appendix D deployment plan schematics November 1, 2016



Appendix E copies of agreements November 1, 2016

Appendix E COPIES OF AGREEMENTS



Appendix E copies of agreements November 1, 2016



Project Development Division Section 24 Road Design | ph: 225-379-1927, PO Box 94245 | Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9245

Bobby Jindal, Governor Sherri H. LeBas, P.E., Secretary

August 13, 2014

Charles Bolinger, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration 5304 Flanders Drive, Suite A, Baton Rouge, LA 70808

ATTN: James Hall, FHWA Realty Officer

SUBJECT: Request for Concurrence with the General Concept on Joint-Use Agreement Proposal Louisiana State Police (LSP) Troop L NE Quadrant of I-12 at LA 21 Interchange at Covington Route: I-12 and LA 21, St. Tammany Parish

Dear Mr. Hall:

We received a request for a Joint-Use Agreement (JUA) for use of ROW at the captioned site. We would like to obtain FHWA's concurrence with the general concept before we proceed. Attached is a copy of concurrence email from District 62 (Administrator, Ms. Allison Schilling) regarding the request from the applicant with preliminary drawings and area photos. Also included is a copy of the approval from the DOTD Environmental Administrator. As acknowledged and agreed from our DOTD meeting with you, dated August 5th 2014, this letter is to outline different characteristics from a standard JUA as follows:

- 1. A permanent building proposed for the Troop L HQ within the ROW of interstate highway (similar to the Troop A HQ in Baton Rouge on ROW of I-10 and the New Orleans Traffic Management Center (TMC) on ROW of I-610).
- 2. Troop L will provide this proposed building with space for a Northshore TMC rent-free, including all utilities.
- 3. Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (CEA) will be contracted among all appropriate stakeholders such as DOTD, Troop L, and Regional Planning Commission (if applicable). This CEA will cover funding, maintenance, DOTD ITS role and any other issues significantly necessary.
- 4. Proposed right-in/right-out driveway from LA 21.
- 5. Area needed for future interchange improvements will be excluded from the JUA area
- 6. The use of the facility will be in compliance with the Northshore Regional ITS Architecture Plan for the area revised from the one of New Orleans TMC on I-610.

Based on the information provided in this letter, we are in agreement with this request. If this request is satisfactory to you, please return your concurrence with the general concept to this office for further oversight. If you require any additional information, please contact me at (225) 379-1927.

Sincerely,

Beyong Lim, P.E., DOTD Permit Engineer Attachment pc: File

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development | 1201 Capitol Access Road | Baton Rouge, LA 70802 | 225-379-1232

An Equal Opportunity Employer | A Drug-Free Workplace | Agency of Louisiana.gov | dotd.la.gov


Appendix E copies of agreements November 1, 2016



Louisiana Division Office

November 14, 2014

5304 Flanders Drive, Suite A Baton Rouge, LA 70808 225.757.7600 225.757.7601 (fax)

> In Reply Refer To: HDA-LA

Sherri H. LeBas, P.E. Secretary Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development Baton Rouge, LA

Subject: Request for Concurrence with the General Concept on Joint-Use Agreement Proposal Louisiana State Police (LSP) Troop L NE Quadrant of I-12 at la 21 Interchange at Covington Route: I-12 and LA 21, St. Tammany Parish

Attention: Mr. Beyong Lim:

Dear Ms. LaBas:

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If you need any additional information please contact James R. Hall, Real Officer at 225 757-7625.

Sincerely yours,

Charles Bolinger Division Administrator

Enclosure (1)

cc: Beyong Lim



Appendix F stakeholder meeting minutes November 1, 2016

Appendix F STAKEHOLDER MEETING MINUTES



Appendix E copies of agreements September 13, 2016



Project Development Division Section 24 Road Design | ph: 225-379-1927, PO Box 94245 | Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9245

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August 13, 2014

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November 14, 2014

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Attention: Mr. Beyong Lim:

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If you need any additional information please contact James R. Hall, Real Officer at 225 757-7625.

Sincerely yours,

Charles Bolinger Division Administrator

Enclosure (1)

cc: Beyong Lim



Appendix F stakeholder meeting minutes September 13, 2016

Appendix F STAKEHOLDER MEETING MINUTES





Meeting Title

Regional Intelligent Transportation Systems / 201802625

January 6, 2016 / 9:30 AM
LADOTD ITS Conference Room
TBD
C. Boutte, E. Delaney, L. Kimbeng, M. Davis, C. Dodt, C. Allbright, S. Mensah
J. Broemmelsiek, C. Gowland
Above

Safety Moment: Don't text and drive

Item:

Statewide ITS Architecture

Include discussion on drones. Drones will be used for incident management and in selecting CCTV Pole locations.

Include discussion/policy to facilitate deployment of conduits and pullboxes for future ITS use when new roads are construction or existing ones rehabilitated.

Insure that tolling and phasing in and out technology is a part of the document

New Orleans Regional ITS Architecture

Devices in the New Orleans architecture that fall in the proposed Northshore architecture will be removed from the current document. No update of the New Orleans regional ITS architecture is required at this time.

Northshore Regional ITS Architecture

The architecture will be developed to meet FHWA requirements. The proposed TMC could take many more years to materialize - this future TMC should be discussed in the architecture. The Northshore ITS architecture will be monitored by Statewide TMC.

The geographic scope covers the following Parishes: St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, Washington, St. Helena, and parts of John The Baptist (regions north of Manchac)

Two stakeholder group meetings are planned: one for operations and the other for incident management focus groups. Christian Boutte mentioned an incident management meeting is scheduled for tomorrow 1/7/16 and he will take advantage to inform the group about the Troop Captain) to get

Send invitations for stakeholder meetina

C. Dodt can reach out to Paul Clarke (LSP

Design with community in mind

Action:



January 6, 2016 Meeting Title Page 2 of 2

Item:

Action:

upcoming stakeholder meetings for the regional ITS architecture us any information we development.

Potential projects will be solicited from the stakeholder meetings. The corridors will be prioritized based on interstates, US Highways, major state routes, others in descending order of priority. High incident areas must be considered for projects to mitigate incidents. The adaptive signal operations for US 61 should be included in the ITS architecture.

E. Delaney is discussing with Causeway on common fiber communication assets. Where DOTD uses permitted fiber, the permittees restrict access to DOTD only. Additional conduit along I-12 will be advantageous.

DOTD will undertake a project to map out locations of all existing ITS infrastructure and share data with Stantec.

The meeting adjourned at 10:30 AM

The foregoing is considered to be a true and accurate record of all items discussed. If any discrepancies or inconsistencies are noted, please contact the writer immediately.

Stantec Consulting Services Inc.

Stephen Mensah Traffic Engineer Phone: (225) 765-7400 Fax: (225) 765-7244 stephen.mensah@stantec.com





Meeting Title

Northshore Regional ITS Architecture

April 11, 2016 / 10:00 AM
LADOTD District 62 Hammond, LA
April 27, 2016
A. Schilling, W. Murray, C. Gowland, L. Kimbeng, B. Nichols, M. Davis, S. Mensah
Above

Safety Moment: Slowdown in workzones

ltem:

Action:

Devices and Communications

The biggest needs in ITS are CCTV cameras and some DMS. There are locations with flood issues that should be monitored for closure. Locations identified for deployment of CCTV cameras are Pearl Bridge area (West, Middle and East Pearl), US 51, LA 3158, LA 1077, LA 21, LA 59, LA 434, LA 442 (has lots of incidents at Ticfaw). The mount height for CCTV camera proposed for US 51 @ I-55 interchange should enable the at-grade roadway to be monitored for flooding.

Other CCTV locations include gaps on I-12, LA 63 (Livingston Parish), LA 441 (Holden) and LA 43 (Albany).

Fiber communication exists on I-12 as far east as I-55.

US 190 is a designated detour route and needs devices. Provide devices at least to Walker or Livingston Parish line.

Gause Boulevard at US 11 in Slidell also needs devices.

The proposed LA 3241 roadway will be a controlled access facility that will be built in 2-3 years. Devices proposed for this location include CCTV and DMS to monitor controlled burns in the area.

Communications are desired on US 190, LA 22 for signals

New automated crossover gates are desired on the Twin Span Bridge. Those on Atchafalaya and Bonne Carre have been let and performance will inform LADOTD deployment at new locations.

Twin Span project will be let soon and will provide CCTV cameras on bridge.

Northshore TMC

District 62 recommended a joint meeting with LSP Troop L to foster partnership for the joint development of the proposed Northshore TMC. This meeting should

Stantec will schedule a



April 11, 2016 Meeting Title Page 2 of 2

Item:

include Allison, Will and Christine.

MAP

At the Northshore Regional Safety Coalition meeting held 3/3/2016, MAP service for the area was requested. The District would like to know which agency made the request. LADOTD requires the MPO to provide 50% funding for MAP Service. Estimated cost is approximately \$800K to operate MAP.

MPO

A new MPO was formed for the Northshore area after the 2010 census called the South Tangipahoa MPO. The Parish President and Mayors of Hammond and Ponchatoula serve on this MPO.

Operations

LA 22 Madisonville Bridge outing needs to be posted on DMS on the Causeway. Coordination with Causeway Police is required.

The CCTV cameras on I-55 and I-59 near the Mississippi stateline has communications issues and therefore not fed into the 511. Upgrades on communication at these locations is required to help monitor incidents near these locations. Viewing coordination with MS State Police is also desired.

Divide TMA's by LSP Troop areas

The meeting adjourned at 11:00 AM

The foregoing is considered to be a true and accurate record of all items discussed. If any discrepancies or inconsistencies are noted, please contact the writer immediately.

Stephen Mensah Traffic Engineer Phone: (225) 765-7400 Fax: (225) 765-7244 stephen.mensah@stantec.com

meeting with District 62 and LSP Troop L.

Action:

Stantec will provide information on agency requesting MAP service.



Meeting Title

Northshore Regional ITS Architecture

Date/Time:	April 11, 2016 / 10:00 AM
Place:	LADOTD District 62 Hammond, LA
Next Meeting:	April 27, 2016
Attendees:	W. Murray, C. Gowland, E. Delaney, L. Kimbeng, B. Nichols, P. Clark, W. Bulloch, D. Berner, J. Roesel, C. Brown, S. Mensah
Distribution:	Above

ltem:

Devices and Communications

CCTV Cameras on I-55 at LA 16 and LA 38 interchanges will facilitate contraflow operations during emergencies, and CCTV camera coverage to Mississippi Stateline will also help manage traffic during evacuation. Existing CCTV cameras at the Mississippi Stateline use cell modems for communications and not reliable. Upgrade of communications to these locations is desired.

CCTV cameras or East and West Pearl desired.

The Twin Span ITS project will be let in June 2016 and will provide at least 2 CCTV cameras on bridge and a DMS sign for westbound traffic into New Orleans, with fiber optic communication.

DMS device on LA 443 near US 11 can help divert traffic off 443 in the event of bridge closure. DMS required on I-12 EB west of LA 1077.

Madisonville Bridge needs DMS near Causeway or in the vicinity to help inform travelers about status. DOTD is discussing fiber sharing and interconnection with Causeway.

The hottest incident area for Troop L is the Pinnacle area on I-12 between LA 21 and US 190. Queues on I-12EB are frequent. Tchefuncte Bridge has some queuing issues but it is not very clear what the cause is. DMS in this area is also desired. Troop L desires "smart devices" to help with queue management. District 62 has had some discussions in the past and there could be some liability issues if system is not maintained so that it functions properly all the time. DOTD ITS will discuss with District 62 the queue detection system. DOTD ITS budget for construction is limited because more money is being spent on maintenance.

The current widening projects have affected some existing ITS devices and they have to be moved. US 190 CCTV may have to be moved. The widening

Action:

Elizabeth will

budget for

maintenance

construction

of ITS devices.

provide

and



April 11, 2016 Meeting Title Page 2 of 4

Item:

project may provide opportunities to deploy some devices. The proposed Super Street project could potentially be used to install fiber optics in the LA 690 corridor.

Signal Systems

US 11 has coordinated signal systems with communications. However there is no communications to the District or TMC. Remote access to signals on US 11 desired

LSP Troop A uses US 190 for alternate route plan. US 190 needs fiber optic communications to tie signal systems and provide remote access.

Northshore TMC

Currently there is no progress on the proposed TMC building because of budget cuts. LSP Troop L will be dispatching out of Baton Rouge and therefor the existing communications center at Mandeville could be retrofitted and used as the temporary TMC. Currently only two dispatchers are left in the building and they will be transitioning in the future to other locations. Troop L reported there are some issues with communications bandwidth and this has to be addressed. About 6 years ago fiber drops were run to the premises or Troop L however that project has not been completed and the issues with bandwidth has therefore not been addressed. This fiber connection to Troop L uses permitted fiber and the permit holders require use to be restricted to LADOTD.

Another location for the potential TMC is the St. Tammany Parish education complex (near LA 434). The Parish 911 Center will move there and there might be an option for TMC space, with added benefit of colocation with emergency dispatch. The issue with this building the geographic location (not central). Also the preference is to have the TMC close to the District Office. Furthermore, DOTD does not install servers required for TMC operations in non-DOTD facilities at this time.

Another location discussed is the 911 Center in Covington at the old court house which has vacant consoles. This proposed TMC will be collocated with dispatch for emergency services for St. Tammany Parish only, however collocation with regional dispatch is preferred.

DOTD ITS cannot pay for the renovation but can provide equipment and furniture for TMC operations. District 62 stated a renovated office space can be provided in their building for a temporary TMC until the proposed building for the joint use by LSP Troop L and DOTD comes to fruition. A phased approach to TMC should be explored.

Action:



April 11, 2016 Meeting Title Page 3 of 4

Item:

MAP

LSP requested MAP service during the Safety Coalition Meeting. Three separate services may be required to cover the Northshore area because of the size. The proposed coverage areas are Slidell, Hammond and Mandeville-Covington (from highest to lowest priority). Each coverage area will cost about \$800K (2 vehicles patrol, 12 hours a day with supervisor and training). LSP reiterated that MAP service in the Slidell area their priority at this time. Many crashes were prevented on the Twin Span Bridge for the few years MAP operated there post-Katrina. MAP removed stalled vehicles in time to prevent crashes.

RPC can participate in MAP service for at least the Slidell area and would like to know what the cost will be. The scope in the MAP service should cover at least Twin Span Bridge to the Stateline. Coverage in Hammond will be I-55 elevated portion from Ruddock/Manchac to I-12.

Connected Vehicles

It is still not very certain what the infrastructure requirements will be. LTRC is doing some studies for connected vehicles and Christine is serving on one of the committee. Other DOTD ITS staff serve on other committees.

Doppler Radar System

RPC enquired about the status of Doppler radar system for traffic monitoring on the bridge. The system works very well when it works however there are occasional down times. RPC will follow up with New Orleans TMC staff for demonstration.

Project Prioritization

Stantec should provide cost per site for devices to facilitate prioritization of projects.

Detection Data/Data Sharing

RPC would like to have count data from devices in the field including trend data that will help with planning (modeling and forecasting) and to demonstrate the impacts of any transportation improvements. District 62 also desires data because of risks associated with work crew installing tubes for counts on roadway.

DOTD ITS is not installing detectors that will yield this data because of challenges with maintenance. DOTD ITS is working with a third party (Here) to acquire data for its business needs for a trial period of about a year.

LTRC wants to be the repository for traffic data and provide opportunities for data sharing. However data obtained from third party may have restrictions on its use and could incur additional charges from sharing.

RPC and DOTD will collaborate to address data needs.

DOTD ITS will send the cost

service to

of MAP

RPC

Action:



April 11, 2016 Meeting Title Page 4 of 4

Item:

Action:

DOTD can provide some data from ITS operations. RPC would like to work with DOTD ITS for data needs now and the future.

The meeting adjourned at 11:00 AM

The foregoing is considered to be a true and accurate record of all items discussed. If any discrepancies or inconsistencies are noted, please contact the writer immediately.

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Meeting Notes

Northshore Regional ITS Architecture

Date/Time:	April 13, 2016 / 9:00 AM
Place:	RPC, New Orleans, LA
Next Meeting:	TBD
Attendees:	W. Brooks, J. Roesel, C. Brown, S. Mensah
Distribution:	Above

Safety Moment: Slowdown in workzones

ltem:

Northshore TMC

RPC cannot provide funding support the proposed Northshore TMC at this time. Discussion on this project should include other stakeholders from the Parishes. Workstations with access to live CCTV feeds for monitoring at Parish EOCs should be considered.

MAP Service

RPC will consider partial funding of MAP service in the Northshore area. MAP service will be provided at the High Rise Bridge starting in July 2016

Detection

The primary need of RPC is extensive detection data (volume, speed and classification) along interstate, major arterials and interchanges to help establish a baseline for performance measurement, trend analysis, and other planning studies. This will help them present compelling and defensible programs, measure outcomes and benefits and provide justification. In spite of challenges with RVDs they provided some useful information to meet planning needs. RPC would like to know the status of the RVD devices. RPC also desires to share data with LADOTD.

Detection is required on I-10 corridor in Slidell and east of New Orleans, and I-59 to monitor incoming from Picayune and Pearl River County in MS and others.

Proposed construction of LA 4341 includes a few signals that will need communications/coordination.

Flooding

Flooding affects several areas and leads to road closures.

Action:

Stantec will send invitation to RPC

Provide information on status of RVDs



April 13, 2016 Northshore Regional ITS Architecture Page 2 of 2

ltem:

Devices Locations

RPC would like to have GPS coordinates of all device locations and type of device at each location.

Operations

Causeway Police and LADOTD need more collaboration.

RPC used to receive monthly incident reports but not anymore. RPC needs this information.

DOTD must publicize services available to the public.

Advanced Vehicle Systems

Connected vehicles will enhance safety and mobility and besides ITS funds, CMAQ funds can be used for deployment time is due.

Southshore Needs

DMS locations should be placed where information can reach travelers sooner and the public can act on information provided to alleviate congestion.

Truck access to and from Port of New Orleans is an issue.

VMS on the periphery of French Quarter with information on parking will be useful.

The meeting adjourned at

The foregoing is considered to be a true and accurate record of all items discussed. If any discrepancies or inconsistencies are noted, please contact the writer immediately.

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Stantec will provide kmz file.

Action:

Design with community in mind